SIEMENS

MICROMASTER 440

0,12 kW - 250 kW

Operating Instructions (Compact)

Issue 10/06



Warnings, Cautions and Notes

The following Warnings, Cautions and Notes are provided for your safety and as a means of preventing damage to the product or components in the machines connected. **Specific Warnings, Cautions and Notes** that apply to particular activities are listed at the beginning of the relevant chapters and are repeated or supplemented at critical points throughout these sections. Please read the information carefully, since it is provided for your personal safety and will also help prolong the service life of your MICROMASTER 440 Inverter and the equipment you connect to it.



WARNING

- This equipment contains dangerous voltages and controls potentially dangerous rotating mechanical parts. Non-compliance with **Warnings** or failure to follow the instructions contained in this manual can result in loss of life, severe personal injury or serious damage to property.
- Only suitable qualified personnel should work on this equipment, and only after becoming familiar with all safety notices, installation, operation and maintenance procedures contained in this manual. The successful and safe operation of this equipment is dependent upon its proper handling, installation, operation and maintenance.
- ➤ The DC link capacitors remain charged for five minutes after power has been removed. It is not permissible to open the equipment until 5 minutes after the power has been removed. The drive unit discharges itself during this time.
- ➤ This equipment is capable of providing internal motor overload protection in accordance with UL508C section 42. Refer to P0610 and P0335, i²t is ON by default. Motor overload protection can also be provided using an external PTC or KTY84.
- ➤ This equipment is suitable for use in a circuit capable of delivering not more than symmetrical 10 kA (rms) (Frame Sizes A to C) or symmetrical 42 kA (rms) (Frame Sizes D to GX), for a maximum voltage of 230 V / 460 V / 575 V when protected by an H, J or K type fuse, a circuit breaker or self-protected combination motor controller (for more details see Operating Instructions Appendix F).
- ➤ Use Class 1 60/75 °C copper wire only with the cross-sections as specified in the Operating Instructions.
- ➤ The mains input, DC and motor terminals, can carry dangerous voltages even if the inverter is inoperative. Always wait **5 minutes** to allow the unit to discharge after switching off before carrying out any installation work.

NOTE

- ➤ Before installing and commissioning, please read these safety instructions and warnings carefully and all the warning labels attached to the equipment.
- ➤ Please ensure that all of the warning labels are kept in a condition so that they can be easily read and replace missing or damaged labels.
- Maximum permissible surrounding ambient temperature is:
 - Frame Sizes A-F:
 50 °C at constant torque (CT) and 100 % permissible output current
 40 °C at variable torque (VT) and 100 % permissible output current
 - Frame Sizes FX and GX:
 40 °C at 100 % permissible output current

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1 Installation

1.1 Clearance distances for mounting

The inverters can be mounted adjacent to each other. When mounting inverters one above the other, the specified environmental conditions must not be exceeded.

Independent of this, these minimum distances must be observed.

Frame Size A, B, C above and below 100 mm
 Frame Size D, E above and below 300 mm
 Frame Size F above and below 350 mm

> Frame Size FX, GX above 250 mm

below 150 mm

in front 40 mm (FX), 50 mm (GX)

1.2 Mounting dimensions

	Frame Size	Drilling Di	mensions	Tightenir	g Torque
		H mm (Inch)	W mm (Inch)	Bolts	Nm (lbf.in)
	Α	160 (6.30)	_	2 x M4	
↑	В	174 (6.85)	138 (5.43)	4 x M4	2,5 (22.12)
	С	204 (8.03)	174 (6.85)	4 x M5	,
H	D	486 (19.13)	235 (9.25)	4 x M8	
<u> </u>	E	616,4 (24.27)	235 (9.25)	4 x M8	3,0
\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \	F	810 (31.89)	300 (11.81)	4 x M8	(26.54)
	FX	1375,5 (54.14)	250 (9.84)	6 x M8	13,0 (115.02)
	GX	1508,5 (59.38)	250 (9.84)	6 x M8	13,0 (115.02)

Fig. 1-1 Mounting dimensions

2 Electrical Installation

2.1 Technical Specifications

Input voltage range 1 AC 200 V - 240 V, \pm 10 % (Unfiltered and with built in Class A Filter)

Order No	2AB	11-	12-	13-	15-	17-	21-	21-	22-	23-
6SE6440-	2UC	2AA1	5AA1	7AA1	5AA1	5AA1	1BA1	5BA1	2BA1	0CA1
Frame Size				Α				В		С
Output Rating (CT)	[kW]	0,12	0,25	0,37	0,55	0,75	1,1	1,5	2,2	3,0
Output Rating (C1)	[hp]	0,16	0,33	0,5	0,75	1,0	1,5	2,0	3,0	4,0
Output Power	[kVA]	0,4	0,7	1,0	1,3	1,7	2,4	3,2	4,6	6,0
CT Input Current 1)		1,8	3,2	4,6	6,2	8,2	11,0	14,4	20,2	35,5
CT Output Current	[A]	0,9	1,7	2,3	3,0	3,9	5,5	7,4	10,4	13,6
Fuse		10	10	10	16	16	20	20	32	40
Recommended	3NA	3803	3803	3803	3805	3805	3807	3807	3812	3817
for UL specified		*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
land Oakla Min	[mm²]	1,0	1,0	1,0	1,5	1,5	2,5	2,5	4,0	6,0
Input Cable Min.	[AWG]	18	18	18	16	16	14	14	12	10
Input Cable Max.	[mm²]	2,5	2,5	2,5	2,5	2,5	6,0	6,0	6,0	10,0
Input Cable Wax.	[AWG]	14	14	14	14	14	10	10	10	8
Output Cable Min.	[mm²]	1,0	1,0	1,0	1,0	1,0	1,0	1,0	1,0	1,5
Cutput Cubic Mini.	[AWG]	18	18	18	18	18	18	18	18	16
Output Cable Max.	[mm²]	2,5	2,5	2,5	2,5	2,5	6,0	6,0	6,0	10,0
	[AWG]	14	14	14	14	14	10	10	10	8
Weight	[kg]	1,3	1,3	1,3	1,3	1,3	3,4	3,4	3,4	5,7
(with built in filter)	[lbs]	2,9	2,9	2,9	2,9	2,9	7,5	7,5	7,5	12,5
Weight (unfiltered)	[kg]	1,3	1,3	1,3	1,3	1,3	3,3	3,3	3,3	5,5
vvoigni (unintoreu)	[lbs]	2,9	2,9	2,9	2,9	2,9	7,3	7,3	7,3	12,1
Tightening torques for	[Nm]			1,1				1,5		2,25
power terminals	[lbf.in]			(10)				(13,3)		(20)

¹⁾ Secondary conditions: Input current at the rated operating point - applies for the short-circuit voltage of the line supply $V_k = 2 \%$ referred to the rated drive converter power and a rated line supply voltage of 240 V without line commutating reactor.

^{*} UL listed fuses such as Class NON from Bussmann are required for use in America

Input voltage range 3 AC 200 V - 240 V. \pm 10 % (with built in Class A Filter)

Order No.	6SE6440-	2AC23- 0CA1	2AC24- 0CA1	2AC25- 5CA1
Frame Size			С	
Output Rating(CT)	[kW]	3,0	4,0	5,5
Output Nating(O1)	[hp]	4,0	5,0	7,5
Output Power	[kVA]	6,0	7,7	9,6
CT Input Current 1)	[A]	15,6	19,7	26,5
CT-Output Current	[A]	13,6	17,5	22,0
VT Input Current 1)	[A]	-	28,3	34,2
VT-Output Current	[A]	ı	22,0	28,0
Fuse	[A]	25	32	35
Recommended	3NA	3810	3812	3814
For UL specified	***************************************	*	*	*
Input Cable, min.	[mm²]	2,5	4,0	4,0
input Cable, Illin.	[AWG]	14	12	12
Input Cable, max.	[mm²]	10,0	10,0	10,0
input Gabie, max.	[AWG]	8	8	8
Output Cable, min.	[mm²]	1,5	4,0	4,0
Output Gubic, IIIII	[AWG]	16	12	12
Output Cable, max.	[mm²]	10,0	10,0	10,0
Output Cable, max.	[AWG]	8	8	8
Weight	[kg]	5,7	5,7	5,7
TTOIGHT	[lbs]	12,5	12,5	12,5
Tightening torques for	[Nm]		2,25	
power terminals	[lbf.in]		(20)	

¹⁾ Secondary conditions: Input current at the rated operating point - applies for the short-circuit voltage of the line supply $V_k = 2 \%$ referred to the rated drive converter power and a rated line supply voltage of 240 V without line commutating reactor.

^{*} UL listed fuses such as Class NON from Bussmann are required for use in America

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Input voltage range

3 AC 200 V - 240 V. \pm 10 %

(Unfiltered)

Order No.	6SE6440-	2UC11 -2AA1	2UC12 -5AA1	2UC13 -7AA1	2UC15 -5AA1	2UC17 -5AA1	2UC21 -1BA1	2UC21 -5BA1	2UC22 -2BA1	2UC23 -0CA1	
Frame Size	Frame Size		Α			В		С			
Output Bating(CT)	[kW]	0,12	0,25	0,37	0,55	0,75	1,1	1,5	2,2	3,0	
Output Rating(CT)	[hp]	0,16	0,33	0,5	0,75	1,0	1,5	2,0	3,0	4,0	
Output Power	[kVA]	0,4	0,7	1,0	1,3	1,7	2,4	3,2	4,6	6,0	
CT-Input Current 1)	[A]	1,1	1,9	2,7	3,6	4,7	6,4	8,3	11,7	15,6	
CT-Output Current	[A]	0,9	1,7	2,3	3,0	3,9	5,5	7,4	10,4	13,6	
Fuse	[A]	10	10	10	16	16	20	20	25	25	
Recommended	3NA	3803	3803	3803	3805	3805	3807	3807	3810	3810	
For UL specified		*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	
Input Cable, min.	[mm ²]	1,0	1,0	1,0	1,5	1,5	2,5	2,5	2,5	4,0	
input Cable, illin.	[AWG]	18	18	18	16	16	14	14	14	12	
Input Cable, max.	[mm²]	2,5	2,5	2,5	2,5	2,5	6,0	6,0	6,0	10,0	
iliput Cable, Iliax.	[AWG]	14	14	14	14	14	10	10	10	8	
Output Cable, min.	[mm²]	1,0	1,0	1,0	1,0	1,0	1,0	1,0	1,0	1,5	
Output Cable, IIIII.	[AWG]	18	18	18	18	18	18	18	18	16	
Output Cable, max.	[mm²]	2,5	2,5	2,5	2,5	2,5	6,0	6,0	6,0	10,0	
Output Cable, max.	[AWG]	14	14	14	14	14	10	10	10	8	
Weight	[kg]	1,3	1,3	1,3	1,3	1,3	3,3	3,3	3,3	5,5	
Troigin	[lbs]	2,9	2,9	2,9	2,9	2,9	7,3	7,3	7,3	12,1	
Tightening torques	[Nm]		1,1			1,5			2,25		
for power terminals	[lbf.in]		(10)			(13,3)			(20)		

Order No.	6SE6440-	2UC24- 0CA1	2UC25- 5CA1	2UC27- 5DA1	2UC31- 1DA1	2UC31- 5DA1	2UC31- 8EA1	2UC32- 2EA1	2UC33- 0FA1	2UC33- 7FA1	2UC34- 5FA1
Frame Size		С		D			E		F		
Output Rating(CT)	[kW]	4,0	5,5	7,5	11,0	15,0	18,5	22,0	30,0	37,0	45,0
Output Kating(C1)	[hp]	5,0	7,5	10,0	15,0	20,0	25,0	30,0	40,0	50,0	60,0
Output Power	[kVA]	7,7	9,6	12,3	18,4	23,7	29,8	35,1	45,6	57,0	67,5
CT-Input Current 1)	[A]	19,7	26,5	34,2	38,0	50,0	62,0	71,0	96,0	114,0	135,0
CT-Output Current	[A]	17,5	22,0	28,0	42,0	54,0	68,0	80,0	104,0	130,0	154,0
VT-Input Current 1)	[A]	28,3	34,2	38,0	50,0	62,0	71,0	96,0	114,0	135,0	164,0
VT-Output Current	[A]	22,0	28,0	42,0	54,0	68,0	80,0	104,0	130,0	154,0	-
Fuse	[A]	32	35	50	80	80	100	125	200	200	250
Recommended	3NA	3812	3814	3820	3824	3824	3830	3832	3140	3142	3144
For UL specified	3NE	*	*	1817-0	1820-0	1820-0	1021-0	1022-0	1225-0	1225-0	1227-0
Input Cable, min.	[mm²]	4,0	4,0	10,0	16,0	16,0	25,0	25,0	70,0	70,0	95,0
input Gubic, illini	[AWG]	12	12	8	6	6	3	3	2/0	2/0	3/0
Input Cable, max.	[mm²]	10,0	10,0	35,0	35,0	35,0	35,0	35,0	150,0	150,0	150,0
mput cauto, maxi	[AWG]	8	8	2	2	2	2	2	300	300	300
Output Cable, min.	[mm²]	4,0	4,0	10,0	16,0	16,0	25,0	25,0	50,0	70,0	95,0
	[AWG]	12	12	8	6	6	3	3	1/0	2/0	3/0
Output Cable, max	[mm ²]	10,0	10,0	35,0	35,0	35,0	35,0	35,0	150,0	150,0	150,0
	[AWG]	8	8	2	2	2	2	2	300	300	300
Weight	[kg]	5,5	5,5	17,0	16,0	16,0	20,0	20,0	55,0	55,0	55,0
	[lbs]	12,1	12,1	37,0	35,0	35,0	44,0	44,0	121,0	121,0	121,0
Tightening torques	[Nm]	2,	25			10				50	
for power terminals	[lbf.in]	(2	(0)			(89)				(445)	

¹⁾ Secondary conditions: Input current at the rated operating point - applies for the short-circuit voltage of the line supply $V_k = 2 \%$ referred to the rated drive converter power and a rated line supply voltage of 240 V without line commutating reactor.

^{*} UL listed fuses such as Class NON from Bussmann are required for use in America

Input voltage range 3 AC 380 V - 480 V. \pm 10 % (with built in Class A Filter)

Order No.	6SE6440-	2AD22- 2BA1	2AD23- 0BA1	2AD24- 0BA1	2AD25- 5CA1	2AD27- 5CA1	2AD31- 1CA1	2AD31- 5DA1
Frame Size			В			С		D
Output Pating(CT)	[kW]	2,2	3,0	4,0	5,5	7,5	11,0	15,0
Output Rating(CT)	[hp]	3,0	4,0	5,0	7,5	10,0	15,0	20,0
Output Power	[kVA]	4,5	5,9	7,8	10,1	14,0	19,8	24,4
CT-Input Current 1)	[A]	7,5	10,0	12,8	15,6	22,0	23,1	33,8
CT-Output Current	[A]	5,9	7,7	10,2	13,2	18,4	26,0	32,0
VT-Input Current 1)	[A]	_	_	_	17,3	23,1	33,8	37,0
VT-Output Current	[A]	_	_	_	20,2	29,0	39,0	45,2
Fuse	[A]	16	16	20	20	32	35	50
Recommended	3NA	3805	3805	3807	3807	3812	3814	3820
For UL specified	3NE	*	*	*	*	*	*	1817-0
Input Cable, min.	[mm²]	1,5	1,5	2,5	2,5	4,0	6,0	10,0
input Cable, illii.	[AWG]	16	16	14	14	12	10	8
Input Cable, max.	[mm²]	6,0	6,0	6,0	10,0	10,0	10,0	35,0
input Cable, max.	[AWG]	10	10	10	8	8	8	2
Output Cable, min.	[mm²]	1,0	1,0	1,0	2,5	4,0	6,0	10,0
Output Gable, IIIII.	[AWG]	18	18	18	14	12	10	8
Output Cable, max.	[mm²]	6,0	6,0	6,0	10,0	10,0	10,0	35,0
Output Gable, max.	[AWG]	10	10	10	8	8	8	2
Weight	[kg]	3,4	3,4	3,4	5,7	5,7	5,7	17,0
Troigin	[lbs]	7,5	7,5	7,5	12,5	12,5	12,5	37,0
Tightening torques for	[Nm]		1,1			1,5		2,25
power terminals	[lbf.in]		(10)			(13,3)		(20)

Order No.	6SE6440-	2AD31- 8DA1	2AD32- 2DA1	2AD33- 0EA1	2AD33- 7EA1	2AD34- 5FA1	2AD35- 5FA1	2AD37- 5FA1		
Frame Size)	E		F				
Output Poting(CT)	[kW]	18,5	22,0	30,0	37,0	45,0	55,0	75,0		
Output Rating(CT)	[hp]	25,0	30,0	40,0	50,0	60,0	75,0	100,0		
Output Power	[kVA]	29,0	34,3	47,3	57,2	68,6	83,8	110,5		
CT-Input Current 1)	[A]	37,0	43,0	59,0	72,0	87,0	104,0	139,0		
CT-Output Current	[A]	38,0	45,0	62,0	75,0	90,0	110,0	145,0		
VT-Input Current 1)	[A]	43,0	59,0	72,0	87,0	104,0	139,0	169,0		
VT-Output Current	[A]	45,0	62,0	75,0	90,0	110,0	145,0	178,0		
Fuse	[A]	63	80	100	125	160	200	250		
Recommended	3NA	3822	3824	3830	3832	3836	3140	3144		
For UL specified	3NE	1818-0	1820-0	1021-0	1022-0	1224-0	1225-0	1227-0		
Input Cable, min.	[mm²]	10,0	16,0	25,0	25,0	35,0	70,0	95,0		
input Cable, Illin.	[AWG]	8	6	3	3	2	2/0	3/0		
Input Cable, max.	[mm²]	35,0	35,0	35,0	35,0	150,0	150,0	150,0		
input Cable, max.	[AWG]	2	2	2	2	300	300	300		
Output Cable, min.	[mm²]	10,0	16,0	25,0	25,0	50,0	70,0	95,0		
Output Cable, IIIII.	[AWG]	8	6	3	3	1/0	2/0	3/0		
Output Cable, max.	[mm²]	35,0	35,0	35,0	35,0	150,0	150,0	150,0		
Output Cable, max.	[AWG]	2	2	2	2	300	300	300		
Weight	[kg]	17,0	17,0	22,0	22,0	75,0	75,0	75,0		
Troigin	[lbs]	37,0	37,0	48,0	48,0	165,0	165,0	165,0		
Tightening torques for	[Nm]		1	0			50			
power terminals	[lbf.in]		(8	9)			(445)			

¹⁾ Secondary conditions: Input current at the rated operating point - applies for the short-circuit voltage of the line supply $V_k = 2 \%$ referred to the rated drive converter power and a rated line supply voltage of 400 V without line commutating reactor.

^{*} UL listed fuses such as Class NON from Bussmann are required for use in America

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Input voltage range

3 AC 380 V - 480 V. \pm 10 %

(Unfiltered)

Order No.	6SE6440-	2UD13 -7AA1	2UD15 -5AA1	2UD17 -5AA1	2UD21 -1AA1	2UD21 -5AA1	2UD22 -2BA1	2UD23 -0BA1	2UD24 -0BA1	2UD25 -5CA1	2UD27 -5CA1
Frame Size				Α				В	С		
Output Rating(CT)	[kW]	0,37	0,55	0,75	1,1	1,5	2,2	3,0	4,0	5,5	7,5
Output Kating(C1)	[hp]	0,5	0,75	1,0	1,5	2,0	3,0	4,0	5,0	7,5	10,0
Output Power	[kVA]	0,9	1,2	1,6	2,3	3,0	4,5	5,9	7,8	10,1	14,0
CT-Input Current 1)	[A]	2,2	2,8	3,7	4,9	5,9	7,5	10,0	12,8	15,6	22,0
CT-Output Current	[A]	1,3	1,7	2,2	3,1	4,1	5,9	7,7	10,2	13,2	19,0
VT-Input Current 1)	[A]	ı	ı	ı	ı	-	-	ı	-	17,3	23,1
VT-Output Current	[A]	ı	ı	ı	ı	-	-	ı	-	19,0	26,0
Fuse	[A]	10	10	10	10	10	16	16	20	20	32
Recommended	3NA	3803	3803	3803	3803	3803	3805	3805	3807	3807	3812
For UL specified	***************************************	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Input Cable, min.	[mm²]	1,0	1,0	1,0	1,0	1,0	1,5	1,5	2,5	2,5	4,0
input Cable, illin.	[AWG]	18	18	18	18	18	16	16	14	14	12
Input Cable, max.	[mm²]	2,5	2,5	2,5	2,5	2,5	6,0	6,0	6,0	10,0	10,0
input Gubic, max.	[AWG]	14	14	14	14	14	10	10	10	8	8
Output Cable, min.	[mm²]	1,0	1,0	1,0	1,0	1,0	1,0	1,0	1,0	2,5	4,0
	[AWG]	18	18	18	18	18	18	18	18	14	12
Output Cable, max.	[mm²]	2,5	2,5	2,5	2,5	2,5	6,0	6,0	6,0	10,0	10,0
	[AWG]	14	14	14	14	14	10	10	10	8	8
Weight	[kg]	1,3	1,3	1,3	1,3	1,3	3,3	3,3	3,3	5,5	5,5
	[lbs]	2,9	2,9	2,9	2,9	2,9	7,3	7,3	7,3	12,1	12,1
Tightening torques for				1,1				1,5		·	25
power terminals	[lbf.in]			(10)				(13,3)		(2	0)

Order No.	6SE6440-	2UD31 -1CA1	2UD31 -5DA1	2UD31 -8DA1	2UD32 -2DA1	2UD33 -0EA1	2UD33 -7EA1	2UD34 -5FA1	2UD35 -5FA1	2UD37 -5FA1
Frame Size		С		D		E		F		
Output Rating(CT)	[kW]	11,0	15,0	18,5	22,0	30,0	37,0	45,0	55,0	75,0
Output Kating(C1)	[hp]	15,0	20,0	25,0	30,0	40,0	50,0	60,0	75,0	100,0
Output Power	[kVA]	19,8	24,4	29,0	34,3	47,3	57,2	68,6	83,8	110,5
CT-Input Current 1)	[A]	23,1	33,8	37,0	43,0	59,0	72,0	87,0	104,0	139,0
CT-Output Current	[A]	26,0	32,0	38,0	45,0	62,0	75,0	90,0	110,0	145,0
VT-Input Current 1)	[A]	33,8	37,0	43,0	59,0	72,0	87,0	104,0	139,0	169,0
VT-Output Current	[A]	32,0	38,0	45,0	62,0	75,0	90,0	110,0	145,0	178,0
Fuse	[A]	35	50	63	80	100	125	160	200	250
Recommended	3NA	3814	3820	3822	3824	3830	3832	3836	3140	3144
For UL specified	3NE	*	1817-0	1818-0	1820-0	1021-0	1022-0	1224-0	1225-0	1227-0
Input Cable, min.	[mm²]	6,0	10,0	10,0	16,0	25,0	25,0	35,0	70,0	95,0
input Cable, illii.	[AWG]	10	8	8	6	3	3	2	2/0	3/0
Input Cable, max.	[mm ²]	10,0	35,0	35,0	35,0	35,0	35,0	150,0	150,0	150,0
input Gubic, max.	[AWG]	8	2	2	2	2	2	300	300	300
Output Cable, min.	[mm²]	6,0	10,0	10,0	16,0	25,0	25,0	35,0	70,0	95,0
Output Gable, Illin.	[AWG]	10	8	8	6	3	3	2	2/0	3/0
Output Cable, max.	[mm²]	10,0	35,0	35,0	35,0	35,0	35,0	150,0	150,0	150,0
Output Gubic, max.	[AWG]	8	2	2	2	2	2	300	300	300
Weight	[kg]	5,5	16,0	16,0	16,0	20,0	20,0	56,0	56,0	56,0
Troigin	[lbs]	12,1	35,0	35,0	35,0	44,0	44,0	123,0	123,0	123,0
Tightening torques for	[Nm]	2,25			10				50	
power terminals	[lbf.in]	(20)			(89)				(445)	

¹⁾ Secondary conditions:

Input current at the rated operating point - applies for the short-circuit voltage of the line supply V_k = 2 % referred to the rated drive converter power and a rated line supply voltage of 400 V without line commutating reactor.

^{*} UL listed fuses such as Class NON from Bussmann are required for use in America

Input voltage range

3 AC 380 V - 480 V, ± 10 %

(Unfiltered)

Onder No	0050440	011000 0544	0UD44.4E44	011044 0044	011044 0044	011040 0044
Order No.	6SE6440-		2UD41-1FA1	20D41-3GA1	2UD41-6GA1	20D42-0GA1
Frame Size			X		GX	
Output Rating(CT)	[kW]	90	110	132	160	200
	[hp]	125	150	200	250	300
Output Power	[kVA]	145,4	180	214,8	263,2	339,4
CT-Input Current 1)	[A]	169	200	245	297	354
CT-Output Current	[A]	178	205	250	302	370
VT-Input Current 1)	[A]	200	245	297	354	442
VT-Output Current	[A]	205	250	302	370	477
D	[A]	250	315	400	450	560
Recommended Fuse	3NE	1227-0	1230-0	1332-0	1333-0	1435-0
Pipe cable shoe to DIN 46235	[mm]	10	10	10	10	10
	[mm²]	1 x 95 or 2 x 35	1 x 150 or 2 x 50	1 x 185 or 2 x 70	1 x 240 or 2 x 70	2 x 95
Input Cable, min.	[AWG] or [kcmil]	1 x 4/0 or 2 x 2	1 x 300 or 2 x 1/0	1 x 400 or 2 x 2/0	1 x 500 or 2 x 2/0	2 x 4/0
	[mm²]	1 x 185 or 2 x 120	1 x 185 or 2 x 120	2 x 240	2 x 240	2 x 240
Input Cable, max.	[AWG] or [kcmil]	1 x 350 or 2 x 4/0	1 x 350 or 2 x 4/0	2 x 400	2 x 400	2 x 400
	[mm²]	1 x 95 or 2 x 35	1 x 150 or 2 x 50	1 x 185 or 2 x 70	1 x 240 or 2 x 70	2 x 95
Output Cable, min.	[AWG] or [kcmil]	1 x 4/0 or 2 x 2	1 x 300 or 2 x 1/0	1 x 400 or 2 x 2/0	1 x 500 or 2 x 2/0	2 x 4/0
	[mm²]	1 x 185 or 2 x 120	1 x 185 or 2 x 120	2 x 240	2 x 240	2 x 240
Output Cable, max.	[AWG] or [kcmil]	1 x 350 or 2 x 4/0	1 x 350 or 2 x 4/0	2 x 400	2 x 400	2 x 400
Mojaht	[kg]	110	110	170	170	170
Weight	[lbs]	242	242	418	418	418
Tightening torques for power terminals	[Nm] [lbf.in]			25 (222,5)		

¹⁾ Secondary conditions: Input current at the rated operating point - applies for the short-circuit voltage of the line supply $V_k \geq 2.33~\%$ referred to the rated drive converter power and a rated line supply voltage of 400 V without line commutating reactor.

Input voltage range

3 AC 500 V - 600 V, \pm 10 %

(Unfiltered)

Order No.	6SE6440-	2UE17- 5CA1	2UE21- 5CA1	2UE22- 2CA1	2UE24- 0CA1	2UE25- 5CA1	2UE27- 5CA1	2UE31- 1CA1	2UE31- 5DA1
Frame Size					С				D
Output Poting(CT)	[kW]	0,75	1,5	2,2	4,0	5,5	7,5	11,0	15,0
Output Rating(CT)	[hp]	1,0	2,0	3,0	5,0	7,5	10,0	15,0	20,0
Output Power	[kVA]	1,3	2,6	3,7	5,8	8,6	10,5	16,2	21,0
CT-Input Current 1)	[A]	2,0	3,7	5,3	8,1	11,1	14,4	21,5	24,9
CT-Output Current	[A]	1,4	2,7	3,9	6,1	9,0	11,0	17,0	22,0
VT-Input Current 1)	[A]	3,2	4,4	6,9	9,4	12,6	18,1	24,9	30,0
VT-Output Current	[A]	2,7	3,9	6,1	9,0	11,0	17,0	22,0	27,0
Fuse	[A]	10	10	10	16	16	25	32	35
Recommended	3NA	3803-6	3803-6	3803-6	3805-6	3805-6	3810-6	3812-6	3814-6
For UL specified	3NE	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	1803-0
Innut Cable min	[mm²]	1,0	1,0	1,0	1,5	1,5	2,5	4,0	6,0
Input Cable, min.	[AWG]	18	18	18	16	16	14	12	10
Input Cable, max.	[mm²]	10,0	10,0	10,0	10,0	10,0	10,0	10,0	35,0
iliput Cable, Illax.	[AWG]	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	2
Output Cable, min.	[mm²]	1,0	1,0	1,0	1,0	1,0	2,5	4,0	4,0
Output Oabie, iiiii.	[AWG]	18	18	18	18	18	14	12	12
Output Cable, max.	[mm²]	10,0	10,0	10,0	10,0	10,0	10,0	10,0	35,0
Output Oubic, max.	[AWG]	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	2
Weight	[kg]	5,5	5,5	5,5	5,5	5,5	5,5	5,5	16,0
Troigin	[lbs]	12,1	12,1	12,1	12,1	12,1	12,1	12,1	35,0
Tightening torques for	[Nm]	2,25					10		
power terminals	[lbf.in]	(20)						(89)	

Order No.	6SE6440-	2UE31- 8DA1	2UE32- 2DA1	2UE33- 0EA1	2UE33- 7EA1	2UE34- 5FA1	2UE35- 5FA1	2UE37- 5FA1
Frame Size)	E			F	
Output Rating(CT)	[kW]	18,5	22,0	30,0	37,0	45,0	55,0	75,0
Output Rating(C1)	[hp]	25,0	30,0	40,0	50,0	60,0	75,0	100,0
Output Power	[kVA]	25,7	30,5	39,1	49,5	59,1	73,4	94,3
CT-Input Current 1)	[A]	30,0	35,0	48,0	58,0	69,0	83,0	113,0
CT-Output Current	[A]	27,0	32,0	41,0	52,0	62,0	77,0	99,0
VT-Input Current 1)	[A]	35,0	48,0	58,0	69,0	83,0	113,0	138,0
VT-Output Current	[A]	32,0	41,0	52,0	62,0	77,0	99,0	125,0
Fuse	[A]	50	63	80	80	125	160	160
Recommended	3NA	3820-6	3822-6	3824-6	3824-6	3132-6	3136-6	3136-6
For UL specified	3NE	1817-0	1818-0	1820-0	1820-0	1022-0	1224-0	1224-0
Innut Cable min	[mm²]	10,0	10,0	16,0	25,0	25,0	50,0	50,0
Input Cable, min.	[AWG]	8	8	6	3	3	1/0	1/0
Input Cable, max.	[mm²]	35,0	35,0	35,0	35,0	150,0	150,0	150,0
input Cable, max.	[AWG]	2	2	2	2	300	300	300
Output Cable, min.	[mm²]	6,0	10,0	16,0	16,0	25,0	35,0	50,0
Output Gable, IIIII.	[AWG]	10	8	6	6	3	2	1/0
Output Cable, max.	[mm²]	35,0	35,0	35,0	35,0	150,0	150,0	150,0
Output Cable, max.	[AWG]	2	2	2	2	300	300	300
Weight	[kg]	16,0	16,0	20,0	20,0	56,0	56,0	56,0
	[lbs]	35,0	35,0	44,0	44,0	123,0	123,0	123,0
Tightening torques for	[Nm]		1	0			50	
power terminals	[lbf.in]	(89)				(445)		

¹⁾ Secondary conditions: Input current at the rated operating point - applies for the short-circuit voltage of the line supply $V_k = 2 \%$ referred to the rated drive converter power and a rated line supply voltage of 500 V without line commutating reactor.

^{*} UL listed fuses such as Class NON from Bussmann are required for use in America

2.2 Power Terminals

You can gain access to the mains and motor terminals by removing the front covers.

- > Frame Size A (Fig. 2-1)
- > Frame Sizes B and C (Fig. 2-2)
- > Frame sizes D and E (Fig. 2-3)
- > Frame Size F (Fig. 2-4)
- > Frame Sizes FX and GX (Fig. 2-5)
- Connection terminals for Frame Sizes A F (Fig. 2-6)
- > Connection overview for Frame Size FX (Fig. 2-7)
- > Connection overview for Frame Size GX (Fig. 2-8)

Frame Size A

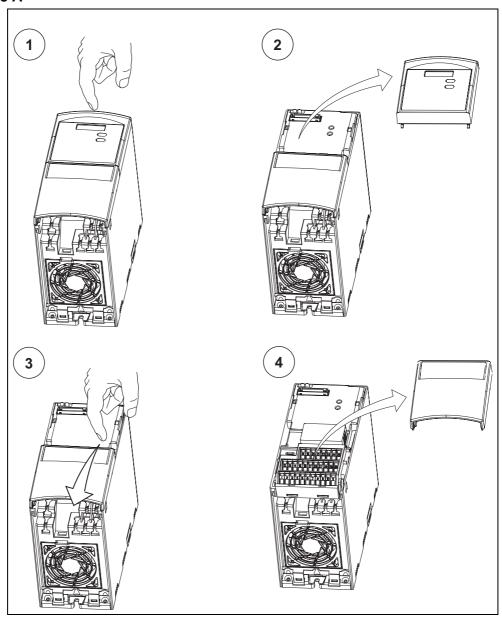


Fig. 2-1 Removing front covers (Frame Size A)

Frame Sizes B and C

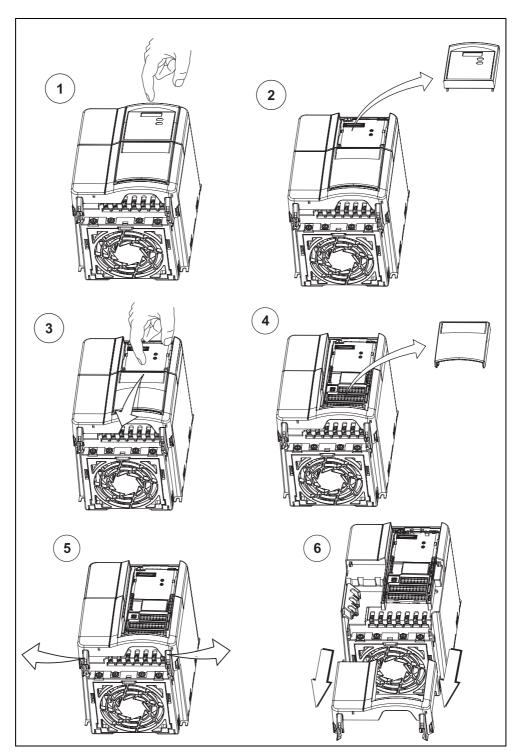


Fig. 2-2 Removing front covers (Frame Sizes B and C)

Frame Sizes D and E

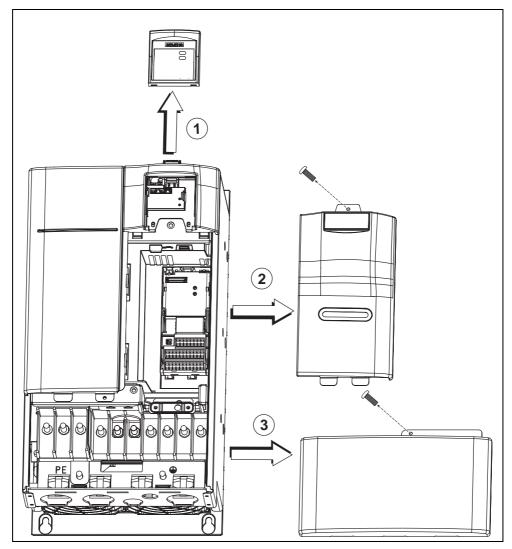


Fig. 2-3 Removing front covers (Frame Sizes D and E)

Frame Size F

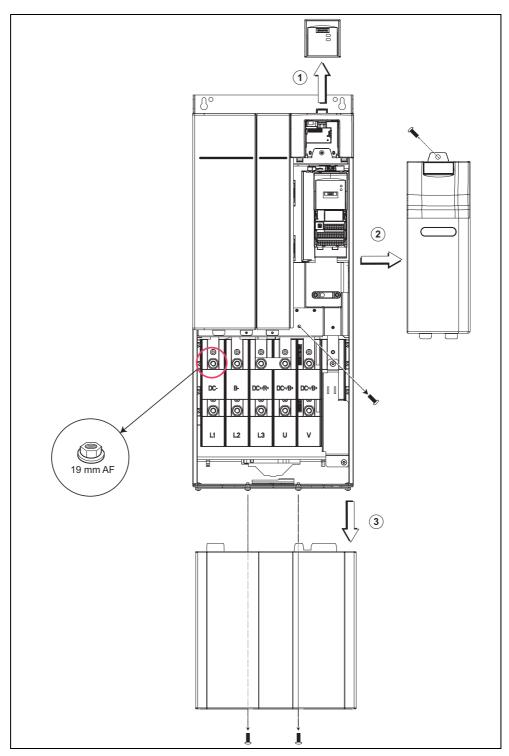


Fig. 2-4 Removing front covers (Frame Size F)

Frame Sizes FX and GX

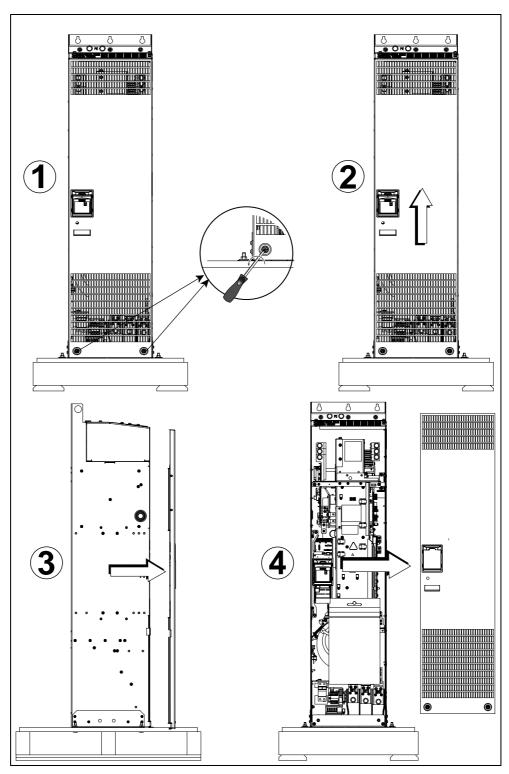


Fig. 2-5 Removing front covers (Frame Sizes FX and GX)

Access to the power supply and motor terminals is possible by removing the front covers.

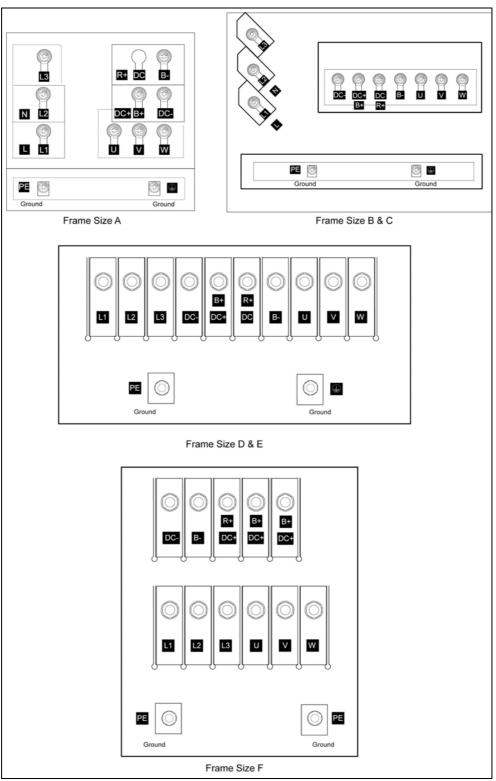


Fig. 2-6 Connection terminals for Frame Sizes A - F

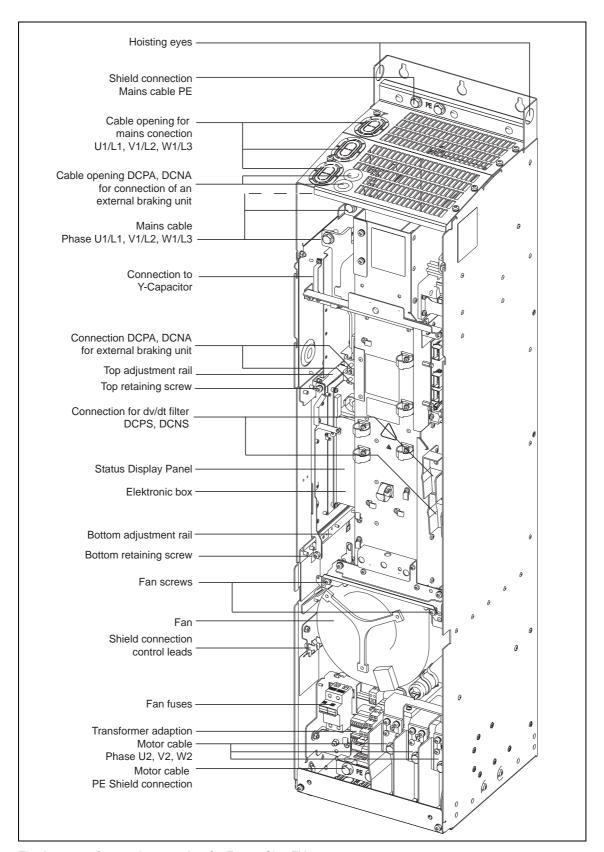


Fig. 2-7 Connection overview for Frame Size FX

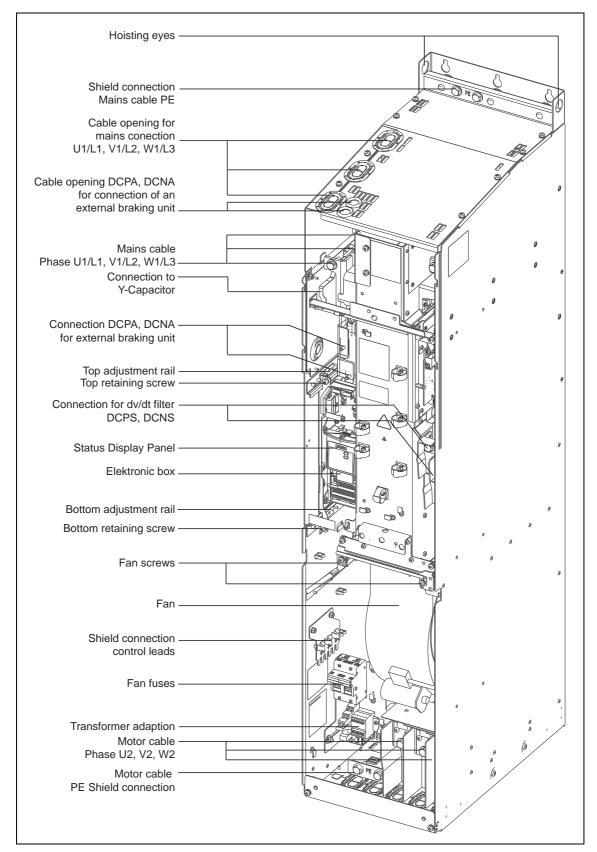


Fig. 2-8 Connection overview for Frame Size GX

2.3 Control terminals

Terminal	Designation	Function	
1	_	Output +10 V	1
2	_	Output 0 V	1
3	ADC1+	Analog input 1 (+)	1
4	ADC1-	Analog input 1 (–)	1
5	DIN1	Digital input 1	1
6	DIN2	Digital input 2	1
7	DIN3	Digital input 3	1
8	DIN4	Digital input 4	1
9	_	Isolated output +24 V / max. 100 mA	1
10	ADC2+	Analog input 2 (+)	
11	ADC2-	Analog input 2 (–)	18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25
12	DAC1+	Analog output 1 (+)	
13	DAC1-	Analog output 1 (–)	
14	PTCA	Connection for PTC / KTY84	12 13 14 15 16 17 26 27 28 29 30
15	PTCB	Connection for PTC / KTY84	
16	DIN5	Digital input 5	
17	DIN6	Digital input 6	1 2 2 4 5 6 7 9 10 11
18	DOUT1/NC	Digital output 1 / NC contact	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11
19	DOUT1/NO	Digital output 1 / NO contact	
20	DOUT1/COM	Digital output 1 / Changeover contact	Control of the Contro
21	DOUT2/NO	Digital output 2 / NO contact	
22	DOUT2/COM	Digital output 2 / Changeover contact	
23	DOUT3/NC	Digital output 3 / NC contact]
24	DOUT3/NO	Digital output 3 / NO contact]
25	DOUT3/COM	Digital output 3 / Changeover contact]
26	DAC2+	Analog output 2 (+)	
27	DAC2-	Analog output 2 (–)	
28	_	Isolated output 0 V / max. 100 mA]
29	P+	RS485 port	
30	N-	RS485 port	

Fig. 2-9 Control terminals of MICROMASTER 440

2.4 Block diagram

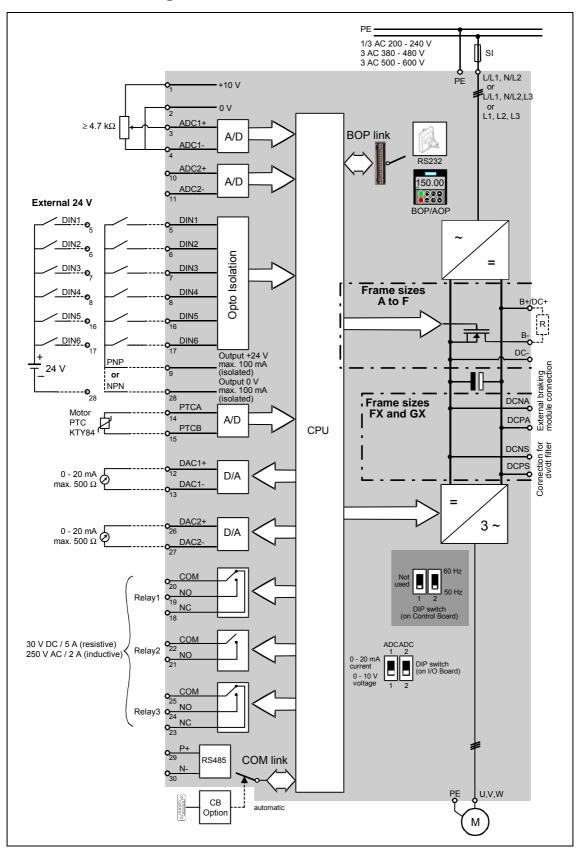


Fig. 2-10 Block diagram

Issue 10/06 3 Factory setting

3 Factory setting

The MICROMASTER 440 frequency inverter is set in the factory so that it can be operated without any additional parameterization. To do this, the motor parameters set in the factory (P0304, P0305, P0307, P0310), that correspond to a 4-pole 1LA7 Siemens motor, must match the rated data of the connected motor (refer to the rating plate).

Further factory setting:

- ➤ Command sources P0700 = 2 (Digital input, see Fig. 3-1)
- > Setpoint source P1000 = 2 (Analog input, see Fig. 3-1)
- ➤ Motor cooling P0335 = 0
- ➤ Motor current limit P0640 = 150 %
- ➤ Min. frequency P1080 = 0 Hz
- ➤ Max. frequency P1082 = 50 Hz
- Ramp-up time P1120 = 10 s
- ➤ Ramp-down time P1121 = 10 s
- > Control mode P1300 = 0

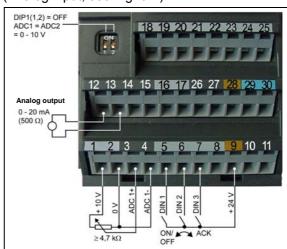


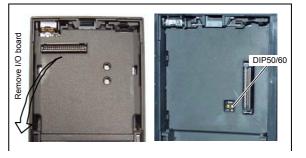
Fig. 3-1 Pre-assignment of the inputs

Input/Output	Terminals	Parameter	Function	
Digital input 1	5	P0701 = 1	ON / OFF1	(I/O)
Digital input 2	6	P0702 = 12	Reversing	(√→)
Digital input 3	7	P0703 = 9	Fault acknowledge	(Ack)
Digital input 4	8	P0704 = 15	Fault acknowledge	
Digital input 5	16	P0705 = 15	Fixed setpoint (direct)	
Digital input 6	17	P0706 = 15	Fixed setpoint (direct)	
Digital input 7	Via ADC1	P0707 = 0	Fixed setpoint (direct)	
Digital input 8	Via ADC2	P0708 = 0	Digital input disabled	

3.1 50/60 Hz DIP switch

The default motor base frequency of the MICROMASTER inverter is 50 Hz. For motors, which are designed for a base frequency of 60 Hz, the inverters can be set to this frequency using the DIP50/60 switch.

- OFF position: European defaults (Rated motor frequency = 50 Hz, Power in kW etc.)
- ON position:
 North American defaults
 (Rated motor frequency = 60 Hz, Power in hp etc.)



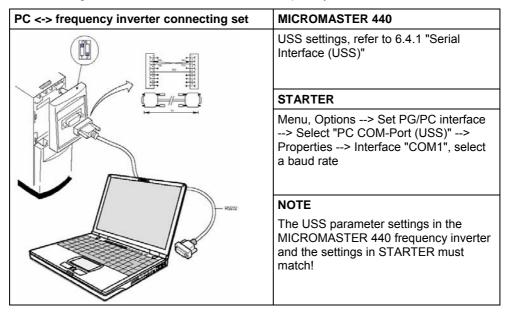
4 Communications Issue 10/06

4 Communications

4.1 Establishing communications MICROMASTER 440 ⇔ STARTER

The following optional components are additionally required in order to establish communications between STARTER and MICROMASTER 440:

- > PC <-> frequency inverter connecting set
- ➤ BOP if the USS standard values (refer to Section 6.4.1 "Serial Interface (USS)") are changed in the MICROMASTER 440 frequency inverter



4.2 Establishing communications MICROMASTER 440 ⇔ AOP

- ➤ Communications between AOP and MM440 are based on the USS protocol, analog to STARTER and MM440.
- ➤ Contrary to the BOP, the appropriate communication parameters both for the MM440 as well as for AOP should be set if the automatic interface detection was not carried-out (refer to Table 4-1).
- Using the optional components, the AOP can be connected to the communication interfaces (refer to Table 4-1).

Table 4-1

	AOP at the BOP link	AOP at the COM link
MM440 parameters - baud rate - bus address	P2010[1] -	P2010[0] P2011
AOP parameters - baud rate - bus address	P8553 -	P8553 P8552
Options - direct connection - indirect connection	No option necessary BOP/AOP door mounting kit (6SE6400-0PM00-0AA0)	Not possible AOP door mounting kit (6SE6400-0MD00-0AA0)

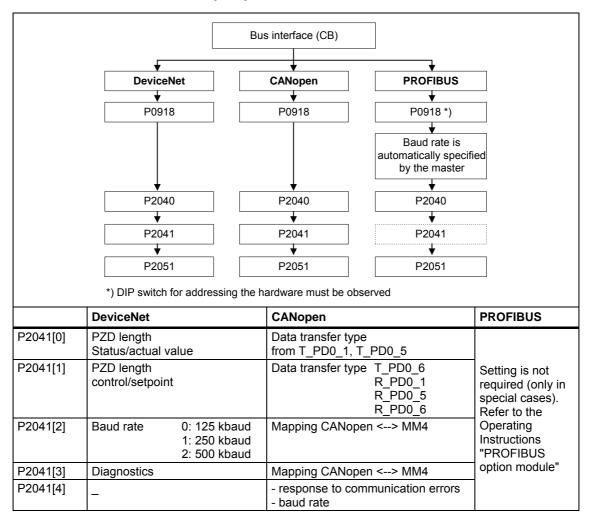
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AOP as control unit

Parameter / Terminal		AOP on BOP link	AOP on COM link	
Command source 1 / 0	P0700	4	5	
Frequency setpoint	P1000		1	
(MOP)	P1035	2032.13 (2032.D)	2036.13 (2036.D)	
	P1036	2032.14 (2032.E)	2036.14 (2036.E)	
	FD	PARAMS 70000 Access Pa P Operate Dr		
	Ð	I=0.0A RP	Fn Y P M = 0	
0		Output frequency	of the MOP higher	
0		Output frequency of the MOP lower		
Acknowledge fault	P2104	2032.7	2036.7	

• A fault can be acknowledged via the AOP independently of P0700 or P1000.

4.3 Bus interface (CB)



150.00

BOP / AOP (Option)

Buttons and their Functions

Panel/ Button	Function	Effects 0 0 0 0 0
P(1) r 0000	Indicates Status	The LCD displays the settings currently used by the converter.
0	Start converter	Pressing the button starts the converter. This button is disabled by default. Activate the button: BOP: P0700 = 1 or P0719 = 10 16 AOP: P0700 = 4 or P0719 = 40 46 on BOP link P0700 = 5 or P0719 = 50 56 on COM link
0	Stop converter	OFF1 Pressing the button causes the motor to come to a standstill at the selected ramp down rate. Activate the button: see button "Start converter" OFF2 Pressing the button twice (or once long) causes the motor to coast to a standstill. BOP: This function is always enabled (independent of P0700 or P0719).
•	Change direction	Press this button to change the direction of rotation of the motor. Reverse is indicated by a minus (-) sign or a flashing decimal point. Disabled by default. Activate the button: see button "Start converter".
j 09	Jog motor	In the "Ready to power-on" state, when this key is pressed, the motor starts and rotates with the pre-set jog frequency. The motor stops when the button is released. Pressing this button when the motor is running has no effect.
F	Functions	This button can be used to view additional information. It works by pressing and holding the button. It shows the following, starting from any parameter during operation: 1. DC link voltage (indicated by d – units V). 2. output current. (A) 3. output frequency (Hz) 4. output voltage (indicated by o – units V). 5. The value selected in P0005 (If P0005 is set to show any of the above (1 - 4) then this will not be shown again). Additional presses will toggle around the above displays. Jump Function From any parameter (rxxxx or Pxxxx) a short press of the Fn button will immediately jump to r0000, you can then change another parameter, if required. Upon returning to r0000, pressing the Fn button will return you to your starting point. Acknowledgement If alarm and fault messages are present, then these can be acknowledged by pressing key Fn.
P	Access parameters	Pressing this button allows access to the parameters.
0	Increase value	Pressing this button increases the displayed value.
0	Decrease value	Pressing this button decreases the displayed value.
(20 + (2)	AOP menu	Calls the AOP menu prompting (this is only available for AOP).

5.2 Changing parameters using as an example P0004 "Parameter filter function"

St	ер	Result on the display
1	Press P in order to access the parameter	P(1) r 0000
2	Press until P0004 is displayed	P(1) P0004
3	Press P in order to reach the parameter value level	P(1) (1)
4	Press or in order to obtain the required value	7
5	Press P to acknowledge the value and to save the value	P(1) P0004
6	The user can only see the command parameters.	

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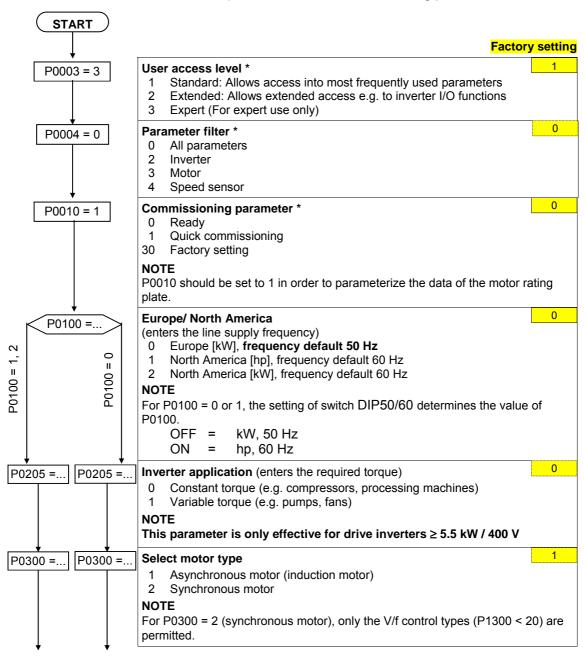
6 Commissioning

6.1 Quick commissioning

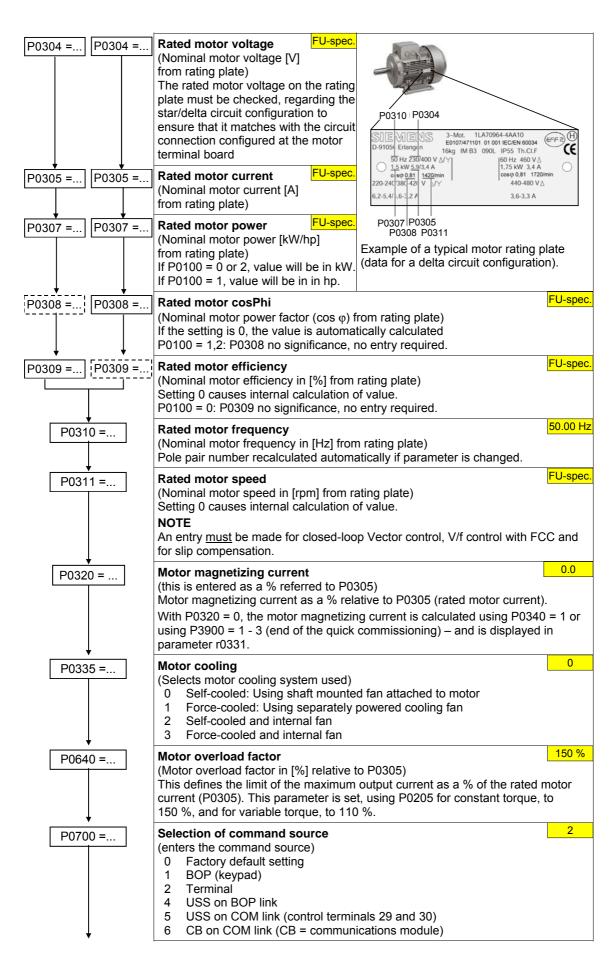
The frequency inverter is adapted to the motor using the quick commissioning function and important technological parameters are set. The quick commissioning shouldn't be carried-out if the rated motor data saved in the frequency inverter (4-pole 1LA Siemens motor, star circuit configuration

frequency inverter (FU)-specific) match the rating plate data.

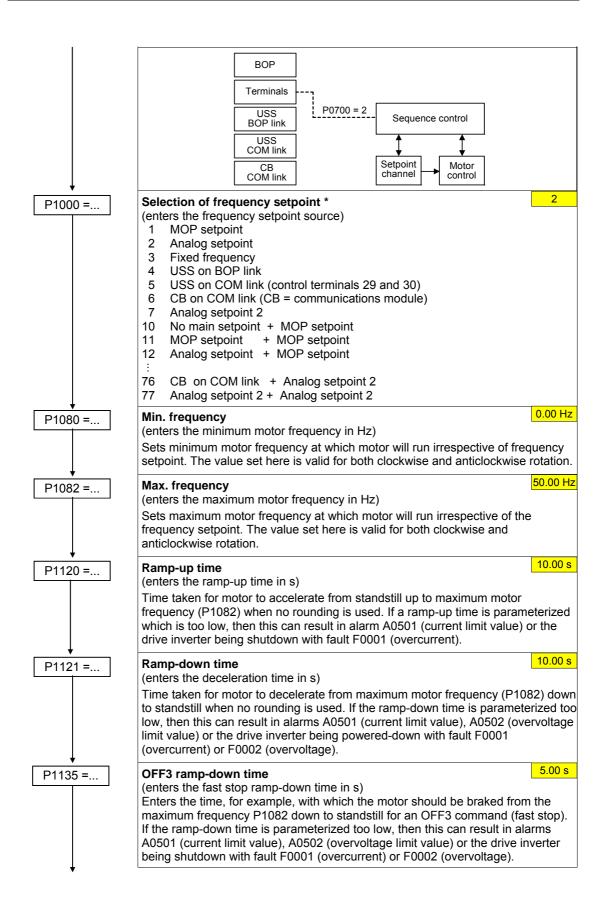
Parameters, designated with a * offer more setting possibilities than are actually listed here. Refer to the parameter list for additional setting possibilities.



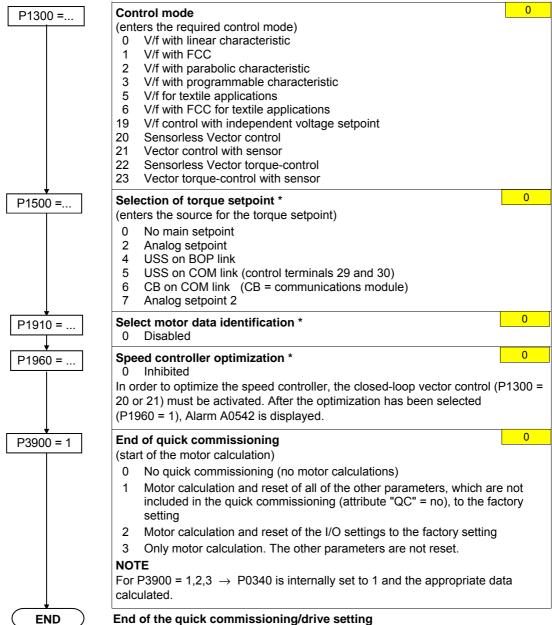
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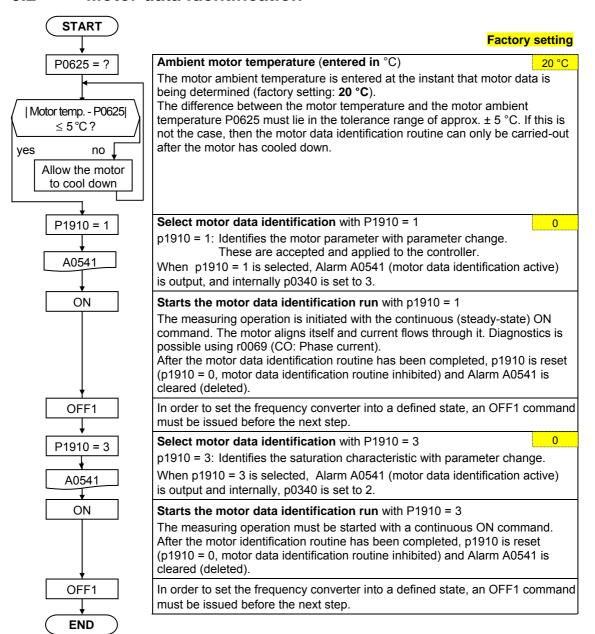


End of the quick commissioning/drive setting

If additional functions must be implemented at the drive inverter, please use the Section "Commissioning the application" (refer to Section 6.4). We recommend this procedure for drives with a high dynamic response.

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6.2 Motor data identification

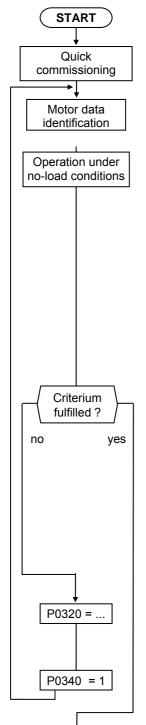


6.3 Magnetizing current

- ➤ The value of the magnetizing current **r0331/P0320** has a significant influence on the closed-loop control. This cannot be measured at standstill. This means that the value is estimated for standard **4-pole 1LA7 Siemens standard** using the automatic parameterization P0340=1 (P0320=0; result in r0331).
- ➤ If the deviation of the magnetizing current is too high, then the values for the magnetizing reactance and those of the rotor resistance will not be able to be accurately determined.
- ➤ Especially for **third-party motors** it is important that the magnetizing current that is determined, is carefully checked and if required, appropriately corrected.

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The procedure to manually determine the magnetizing current and to re-calculate the equivalent circuit diagram data when the drive is operated with closed-loop vector control (P1300 = 20/21) is shown in the following.



Quick commissioning routine

Using the quick commissioning routine the frequency inverter is adapted to the motor and important technology parameters are set.

Motor data identification routine

Using the motor data identification routine motor equivalent circuit diagram data is determined using a measuring technique.

Determining the magnetizing current

In order to determine the magnetizing current (P0320/r0331), the motor should be accelerated **up to approximately 80%** of its rated speed **under no-load operating conditions**.

In so doing, the following conditions must be carefully maintained:

- the vector control must be activated, P1300 = 20.21
- no field weakening (r0056.8 = 0)
- flux setpoint, r1598 = 100 %
- no efficiency optimization, P1580 = 0 %

No-load operation means that the motor is operated without a load (i.e. no coupled driven machine).

Under steady-state conditions, a current r0027 is obtained that approximately corresponds to the rated magnetizing current r0331. (the current is always less than the no-load current for a pure V/f control).

Measuring and entering the magnetizing current and therefore the associated new calculation of the equivalent circuit diagram data of the motor is an iterative procedure. It must be repeated at least 2-3 times until the following **criteria** are fulfilled:

- The more accurate the value of the magnetizing current that was entered, the better the flux setpoint (r1598=100%) matches the flux actual value (r0084=96..104%) of the observer model.
- The output Xm adaptation (r1787) of the observer model should be as low as possible. Good values lie between 1-5%. The less that the Xh adaptation of the observer must operate, the sensitivity of the motor parameters after power failures are that much less sensitive.

NOTE

In order to display r0084 at the BOP/AOP, the LEVEL 4 parameters must be enabled using service parameter P3950=46.

Calculating P0320

(

Now, the new value can be entered in **P0320** from the determined flux-generating current component **r0029** by applying the following equation.

P0320 = r0029 * 100 / P0305

Calculating the motor parameters

0

The values of the motor equivalent circuit diagram data are calculated from the entered rating plate data. In addition, the parameters of the controls are pre-set (subsequently optimized) (P0340 = 3).

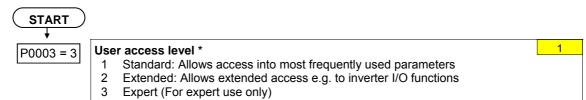
END

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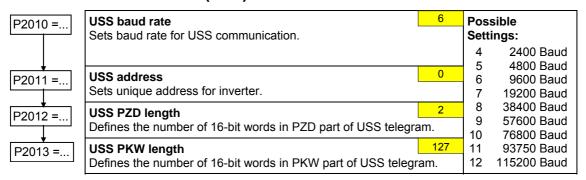
6.4 Commissioning the application

An application is commissioned to adapt/optimize the frequency inverter - motor combination to the particular application. The frequency inverter offers numerous functions - but not all of these are required for the particular application. These functions can be skipped when commissioning the application. A large proportion of the possible functions are described here; refer to the parameter list for additional functions.

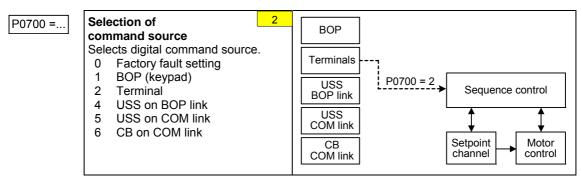
Parameters, designated with a * offer more setting possibilities than are actually listed here. Refer to the parameter list for additional setting possibilities.



6.4.1 Serial Interface (USS)

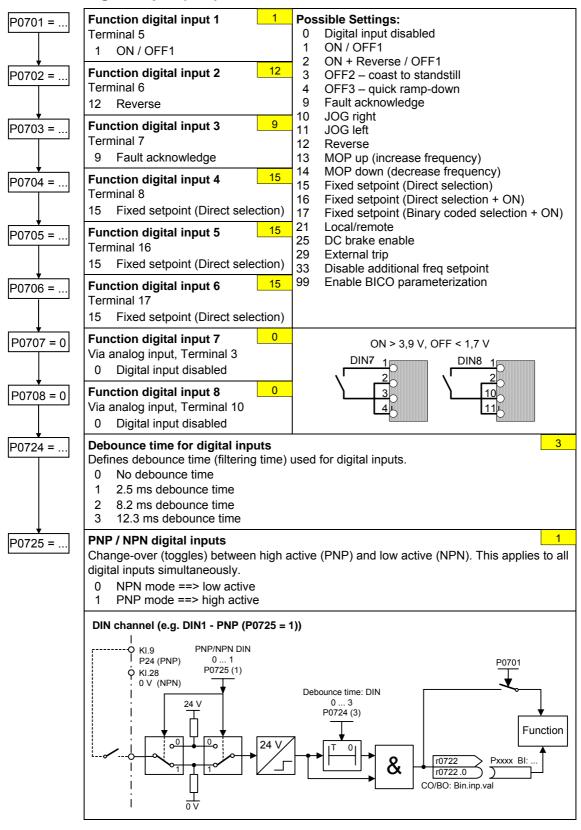


6.4.2 Selection of command source



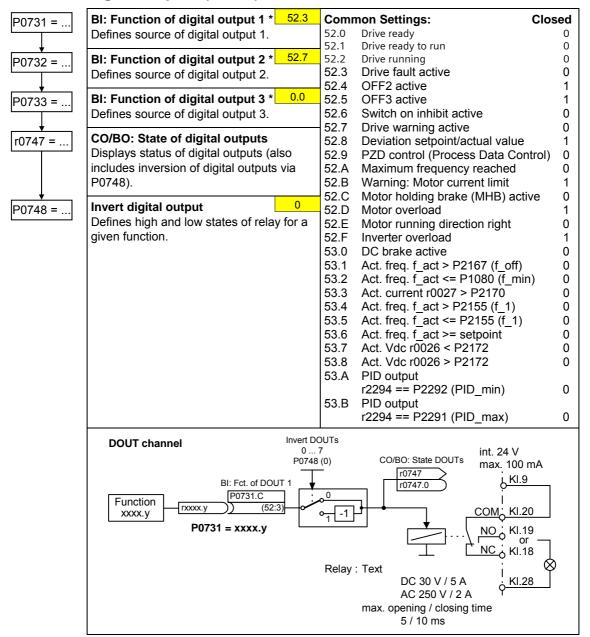
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6.4.3 Digital input (DIN)

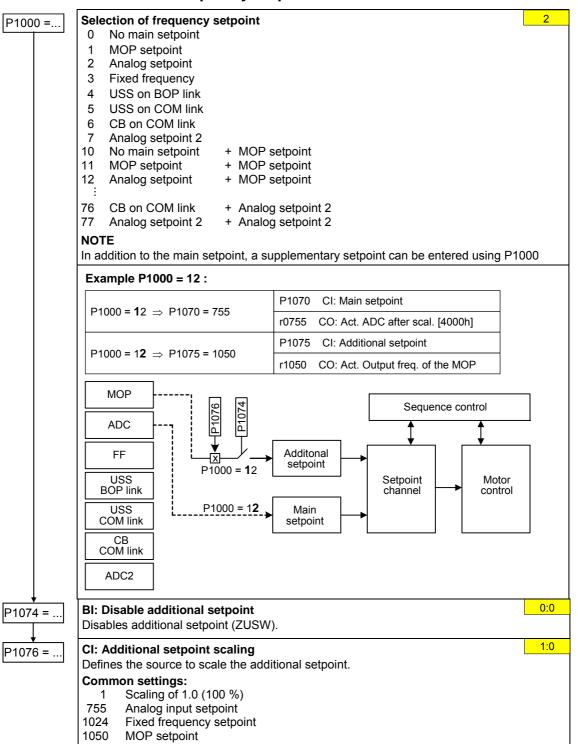


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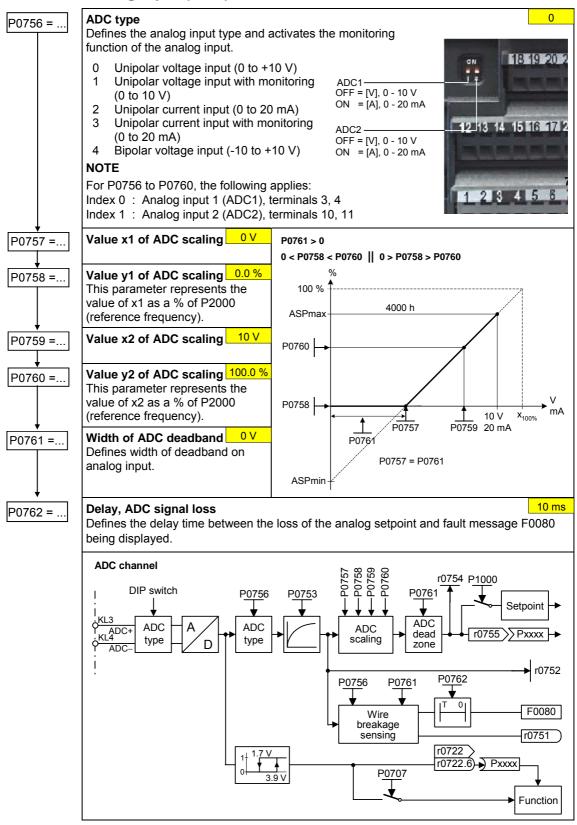
6.4.4 Digital outputs (DOUT)



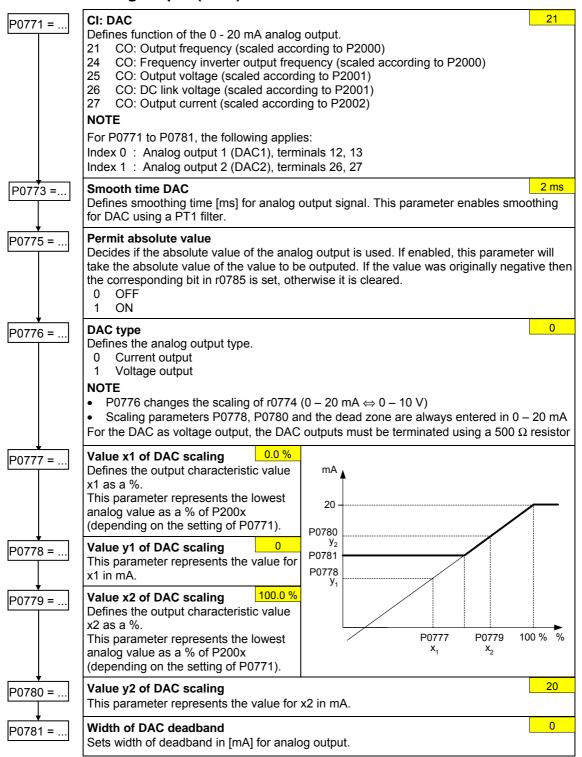
6.4.5 Selection of frequency setpoint

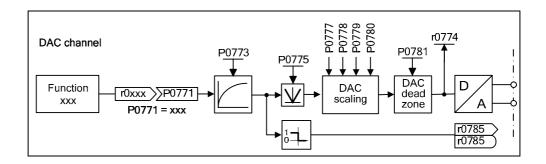


6.4.6 Analog input (ADC)

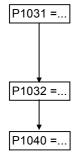


6.4.7 Analog output (DAC)





6.4.8 **Motor potentiometer (MOP)**



Setpoint memory of the MOP

Saves last motor potentiometer setpoint (MOP) that was active before OFF command or power down.

- MOP setpoint will not be stored
- MOP setpoint will be stored (P1040 is updated)

Inhibit negative MOP setpoints

- Neg. MOP setpoint is allowed
- Neg. MOP setpoint inhibited

Setpoint of the MOP

5.00 Hz

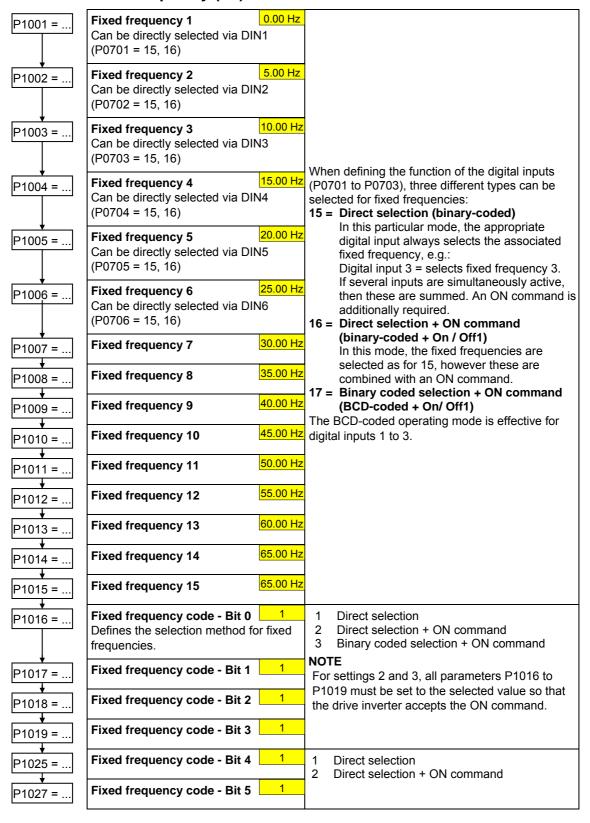
Determines setpoint for motor potentiometer control.

MOP ramp-up and ramp-down times are defined by the parameters P1120 and P1121.

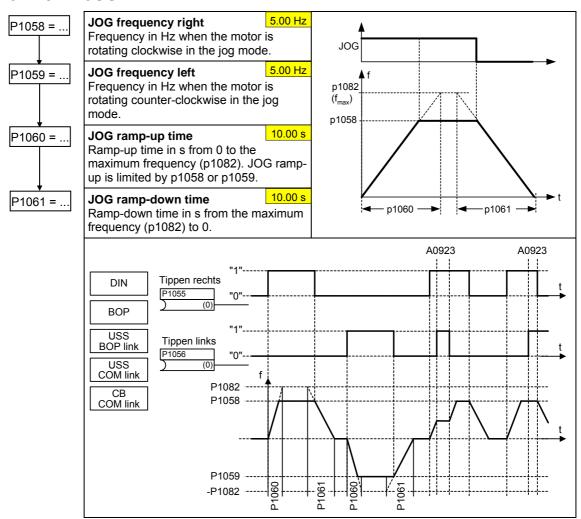
Possible parameter settings for the selection of MOP:

	Selection	MOP up	MOP down
DIN	P0719 = 0, P0700 = 2, P1000 = 1 or P0719 = 1, P0700 = 2	P0702 = 13 (DIN2)	P0703 = 14 (DIN3)
ВОР	P0719 = 0, P0700 = 1, P1000 = 1 or P0719 = 11	UP button	DOWN button
USS on BOP link	P0719 = 0, P0700 = 4, P1000 = 1 or P0719 = 41	USS control word r2032 Bit13	USS control word r2032 Bit14
USS on COM link	P0719 = 0, P0700 = 5, P1000 = 1 or P0719 = 51	USS control word r2036 Bit13	USS control word r2036 Bit14
СВ	P0719 = 0, P0700 = 6, P1000 = 1 or P0719 = 61	CB control word r2090 Bit13	CB control word r2090 Bit14

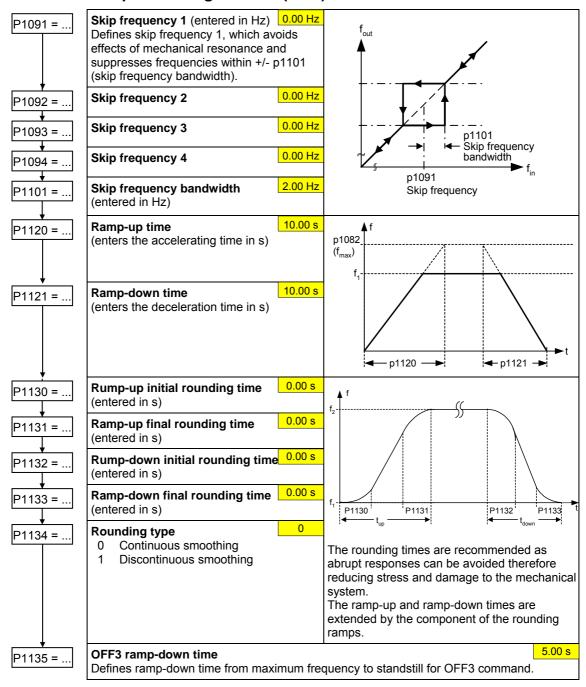
6.4.9 Fixed frequency (FF)



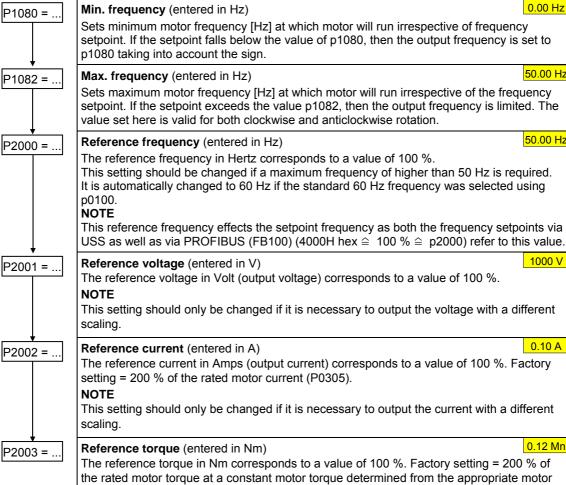
6.4.10 JOG



6.4.11 Ramp function generator (RFG)



6.4.12 Reference/limit frequencies



0.00 Hz

50.00 Hz

50.00 Hz

The reference torque in Nm corresponds to a value of 100 %. Factory setting = 200 % of the rated motor torque at a constant motor torque determined from the appropriate motor data.

NOTE

This setting should only be changed if it is necessary to output the torque with a different scaling.

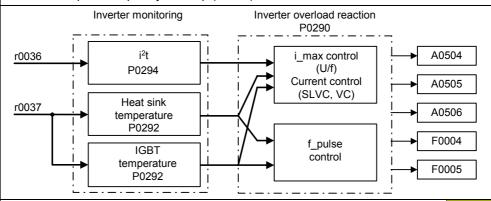
6.4.13 Inverter protection

P0290 = ...

Inverter overload reaction

Selects reaction of inverter to an internal over-temperature.

- Reduce output frequency
- 1 Trip (F0004 / F0005)
- 2 Reduce pulse frequency and output frequency
- 3 Reduce pulse frequency then trip (F0004)



P0292 =...

Inverter temperature warning

15 °C

Defines the temperature difference (in °C) between the Overtemperature trip threshold and the warning threshold of the inverter. The trip threshold is stored internally by the inverter and cannot be changed by the user.

Temperature warning threshold of inverter T_warn

$$T_{warn} = T_{trip} - P0292$$

Temperature shutdown threshold of inverter T_trip

Temperature		MM440, Frame Size						
	A - C	D-F	D-F F FX GX		FX			
			600 V	95 kW CT	110 kW CT	132 kW CT	160 kW CT	200 kW CT
Heat sink	110 °C	95 °C	80 °C	88 °C	91 °C	80 °C	82 °C	88 °C
IGBT	140 °C	145 °C	145 °C	150 °C	150 °C	145 °C	147 °C	150 °C
Input rectifier	-	-	-	75 °C	75 °C	75 °C	75 °C	75 °C
Cooling air	-	-	ı	55 °C	55 °C	55 °C	55 °C	50 °C
Control board	-	-	-	65 °C	65 °C	65 °C	65 °C	65 °C

P0295 = ...

Delay, fan shutdown

0 s

This defines the delay time in seconds between powering down the frequency inverter and then powering-down the fan. A setting of 0 means that the fan is immediately shut down (powered-down).

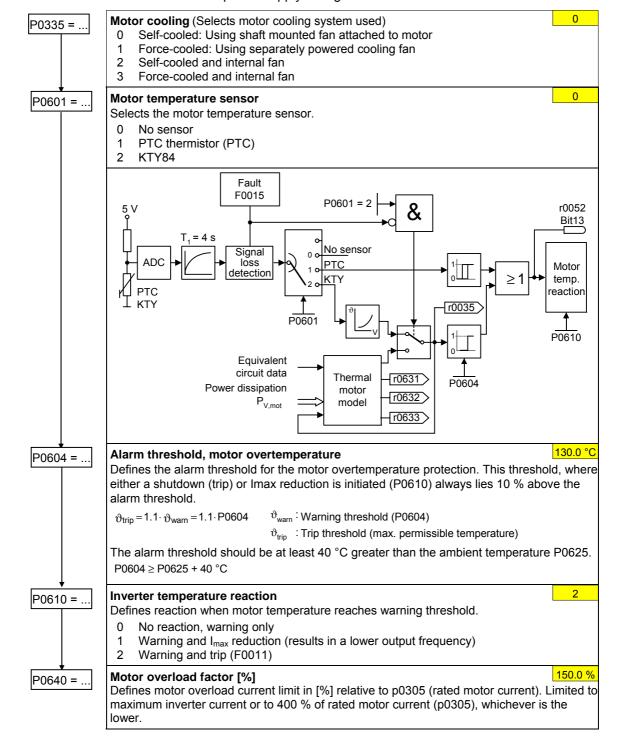
6.4.14 Motor protection

In addition to the thermal motor protection, the motor temperature is also included in the adaptation of the motor equivalent circuit diagram data. Especially for a high thermal motor load, this adaptation has a significant influence on the degree of stability of the closed-loop vector control. For MM440 the motor temperature can only be measured using a KTY84 sensor. For the parameter setting P0601 = 0,1, the motor temperature is calculated / estimated using the thermal motor model.

If the frequency inverter is permanently supplied with an external 24V voltage, then the motor temperature is also tracked/corrected using the motor temperature time constant – even when the line supply voltage is switched-out.

A high thermal motor load and when the line supply is frequently switchedout/switched-in requires, for closed-loop vector control

- that a KTY84 sensor is used, or
- an external 24V power supply voltage is connected



6.4.15 Encoder

P0400 =..

Select encoder type
Selects the encoder type.

- 0 Inhibited
- 1 Single-track pulse encoder
- 2 Two-track pulse encoder

For hoisting gear applications (4-quadrant operation!), a 2-track encoder must be used.

The table shows the values of P0400 as a function of the number of tracks:

Parameter	Terminal	Track	Encoder output
P0400 = 1	А		single ended
	А		differential
	AN		
P0400 = 2	А		single ended
	В		
	А		differential
	AN		
	В		
	BN		

In order to guarantee reliable operation, the DIP switches on the encoder module must be set as follows depending on the encoder type (TTL, HTL) and encoder output:

Туре	Output			
	single ended	differential		
TTL (e.g. 1XP8001-2)	111111	010101		
HTL (e.g. 1XP8001-1)	101010	000000		



P0408 =...

P0491 =..

Encoder pulses per revolution

Specifies the number of encoder pulses per revolution.

Reaction on speed signal loss

Defines the calculation method.

- 0 No transition
- 1 Transition into SLVC

• P0492 =...

Allowed speed difference

10.00 Hz

1024

0

Parameter P0492 defines the frequency threshold for the loss of the encoder signal (fault F0090).

CAUTION

p0492 = 0 (no monitoring function):

With p0492 = 0, the loss of the encoder signal at high frequency as well as at a low frequency is de-activated. As a result, the system does not monitor for the loss of the encoder signal.

P0494 =...

Delay speed loss reaction

10 ms

P0492 is used to detect the loss of the encoder signal at low frequencies. If the motor speed is less than the value of P0492, the loss of the encoder signal is determined using an appropriate algorithm. P0494 defines the delay time between detecting the loss of the speed signal and initiating the appropriate response.

CAUTION

p0494 = 0 (no monitoring function):

With p0494 = 0, the loss of the encoder signal at low frequencies is de-activated. As a result, at these frequencies, a loss of the encoder signal is not detected (loss of the encoder signal at high frequency remains active as long as parameter p0492 > 0).

6.4.16 V/f control

P1300 =...

Control mode

0

The control type is selected using this parameter. For the "V/f characteristic" control type, the ratio between the frequency inverter output voltage and the frequency inverter output frequency is defined.

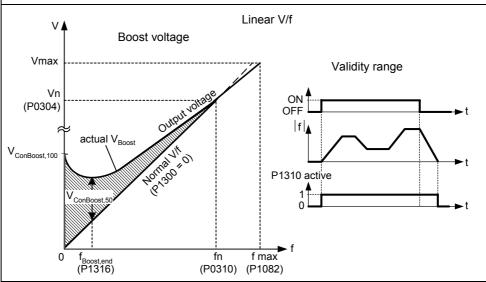
- 0 V/f with linear
- 1 V/f with FCC
- 2 V/f with parabolic characteristic
- 3 V/f with programmable characteristic (→ P1320 P1325)

P1310 =...

Continuous boost (entered in %)

50.00

Voltage boost as a % relative to P0305 (rated motor current) and P0350 (stator resistance). P1310 is valid for all V/f versions (refer to P1300). At low output frequencies, the effective resistance values of the winding can no longer be neglected in order to maintain the motor flux.

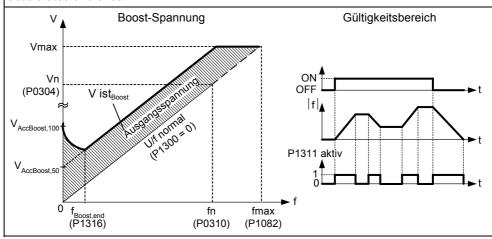


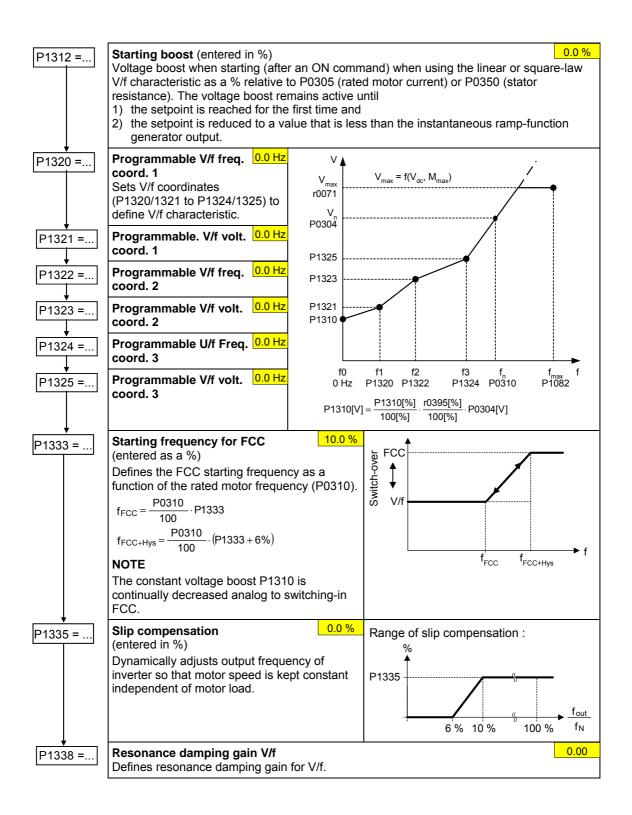
P1311 =...

Acceleration boost (entered in %)

0.0 %

Voltage boost for accelerating/braking as a % relative to P0305 and P0350. P1311 only results in a voltage boost when ramping-up/ramp-down and generates an additional torque for accelerating/braking. Contrary to parameter P1312, that is only active for the 1st acceleration operation after the ON command, P1311 is effective each time that the drive accelerates or brakes.

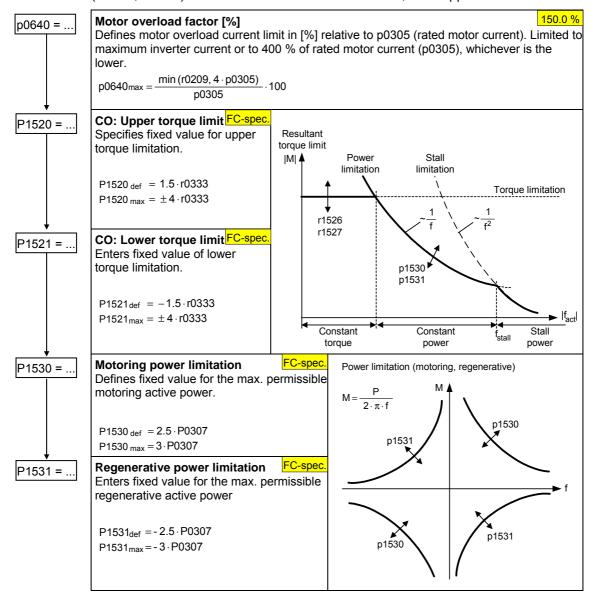




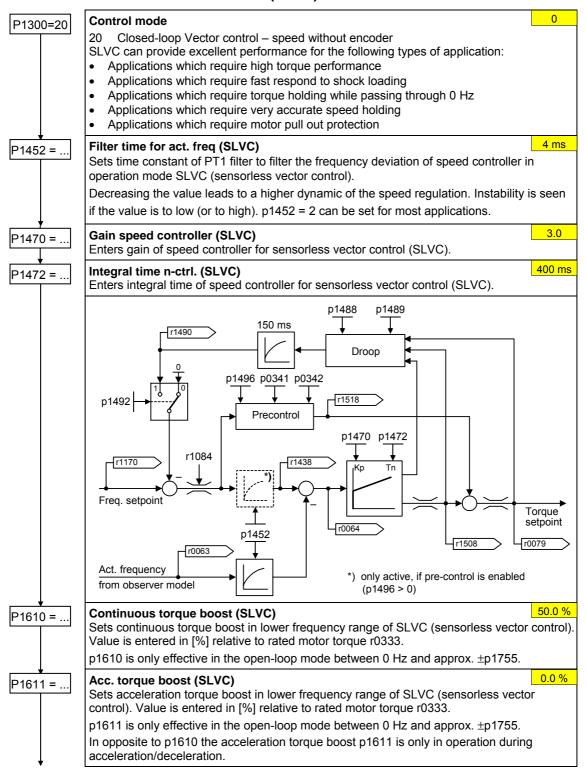
6.4.17 Field-orientated control

Limitations

To avoid a premature limitation the limits of the torque (P1520, P1521) and power (P1530, P1531) should be set to the maximum value, if the application allows it.



6.4.17.1 Sensorless vector control (SLVC)



P1750 = ...

Control word of motor model

1

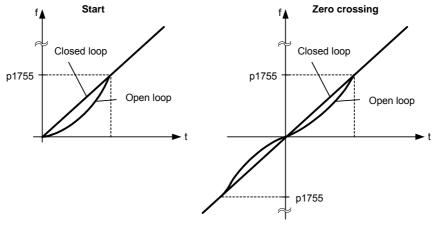
This parameter controls the operation of the sensorless vector control (SLVC) at very low frequencies. This therefore includes the following conditions:

1 YES

Bit00 Start SLVC open loop 0 NO (Operation directly after an ON command)

Bit01 Zero crossing SLVC open loop 0 NO 1 YES

(zero crossing)



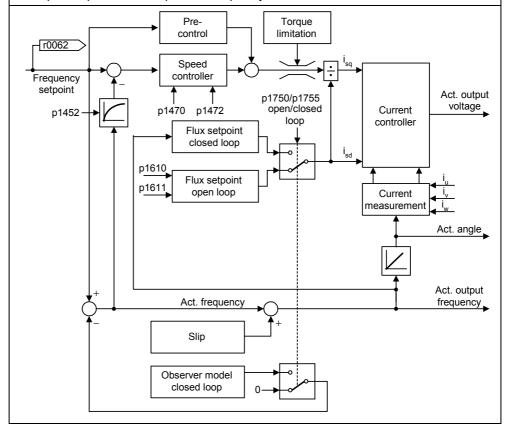
For most applications the setting of parameter p1750 = 0 gives the best result at low frequency.

P1755 = ...

Start-freq. motor model (SLVC)

5.0 Hz

Enter the start frequency of sensorless vector control (SLVC), thereby SLVC switches over from open-loop to closed-loop at that frequency.

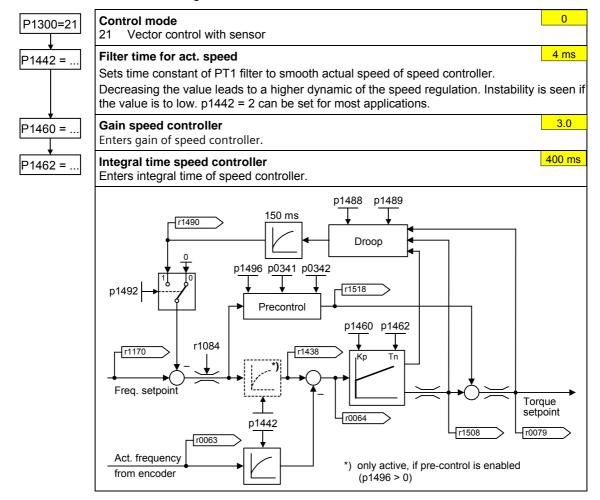


6.4.17.2 Vector control with encoder (VC)

- First step: Parameterizing the speed encoder (refer to Section 6.4.15)
- When commissioning Vector Control with encoder-feedback (VC), the drive should be configured for V/f mode (see p1300) first. Run the drive and compare r0061 with r0021 that should agree in:
 - sign
 - magnitude (with a deviation of only a few percent)

Only if both criteria are fulfilled, change p1300 and select VC (p1300 = 21/23).

- ➤ Encoder loss detection must be disabled (p0492 = 0) if torque is limited externally., e.g.:
 - closed-loop winder control
 - traversing / moving to a fixed endstop
 - when using a mechanical brake

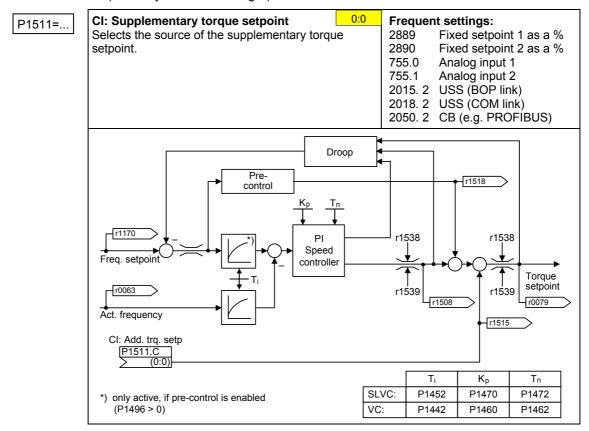


Supplementary torque setpoint

➤ In the vector mode — with / without encoder — the speed controller can be subordinate to a constant or variable supplementary torque.

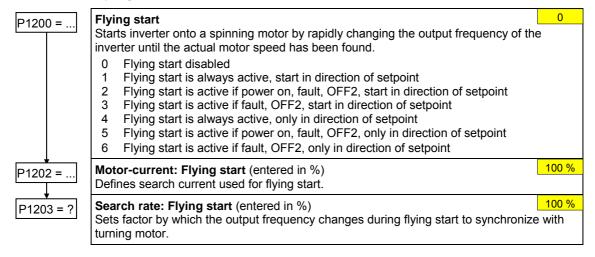
- ➤ The supplementary setpoint can be used to advantage for hoisting gear with low intrinsic friction when starting in the vertical direction. The supplementary torque setpoint must always be impressed in the hoisting (raising) direction (please observe the sign!). As a result of the supplementary torque, also when lowering, a slip is immediately established that has a stabilizing effect on the closed-loop control (there is no significant load sag).
- ➤ The sign of the supplementary torque setpoint can be determined as follows in the commissioning phase with the appropriate care and taking into account all of the relevant safety regulations:

 Hoist (raise) a minimum load using the hoisting gear and read-out the sign from parameter r0079 (the sign of r0079 corresponds to the sign of the supplementary torque setpoint).
- An empirical value of approx. 40 % of the rated motor torque r0333 has lead to good results for existing hoisting gear (carefully observe the sign!).



6.4.18 Converter-specific Functions

6.4.18.1 Flying start



6.4.18.2 Automatic restart

P1210 = ...

Automatic restart

1

Configures automatic restart function.

- 0 Disabled
- 1 Trip reset after power on
- 2 Restart after mains blackout
- 3 Restart after mains brownout or fault
- 4 Restart after mains brownout
- 5 Restart after mains blackout and fault
- 6 Restart after mains brown/blackout or fault

6.4.18.3 Holding brake

- > Series / commissioning for hazardous loads
 - lower the load to the floor
 - when replacing the frequency inverter, prevent (inhibit) the frequency inverter from controlling the motor holding brake (MHB)
 - secure the load or inhibit the motor holding brake control (so that the brake cannot be controlled) and then – and only then – carry-out quick commissioning / parameter download using the PC-based tool (e.g. STARTER, AOP)
- > Parameterize the weight equalization for hoisting gear applications
 - magnetizing time P0346 greater than zero
 - min. frequency P1080 should approximately correspond to the motor slip $r0330 \ (P1080 \approx r0330)$
 - adapt the voltage boost to the load
 - a) V/f (P1300 = 0 ...3): P1310, P1311
 - b) SLVC (P1300 =20): P1610, P1611
- ➤ It is not sufficient to just select the status signal r0052 bit 12 "motor holding brake active" in P0731 P0733. In order to activate the motor holding brake, in addition, parameter P1215 must be set to 1.
- ➤ It is not permissible to use the motor holding brake as operating brake. The reason for this is that the brake is generally only dimensioned/designed for a limited number of emergency braking operations.
- ➤ The brake closing / opening times can be taken from the appropriate manual. The following typical values have been taken from Motor Catalog M11 2003/2004, Page 2/51:

Motor size	Brake type	Opening time [ms]	Closing time [ms]
63	2LM8 005-1NAxx	25	56
71	2LM8 005-2NAxx	25	56
80	2LM8 010-3NAxx	26	70
90	2LM8 020-4NAxx	37	90
100	2LM8 040-5NAxx	43	140
112	2LM8 060-6NAxx	60	210
132	2LM8 100-7NAxx	50	270
160	2LM8 260-8NAxx	165	340
180	2LM8 315-0NAxx	152	410
200 225	2LM8 400-0NAxx	230	390

P1215 =...

Holding brake enable

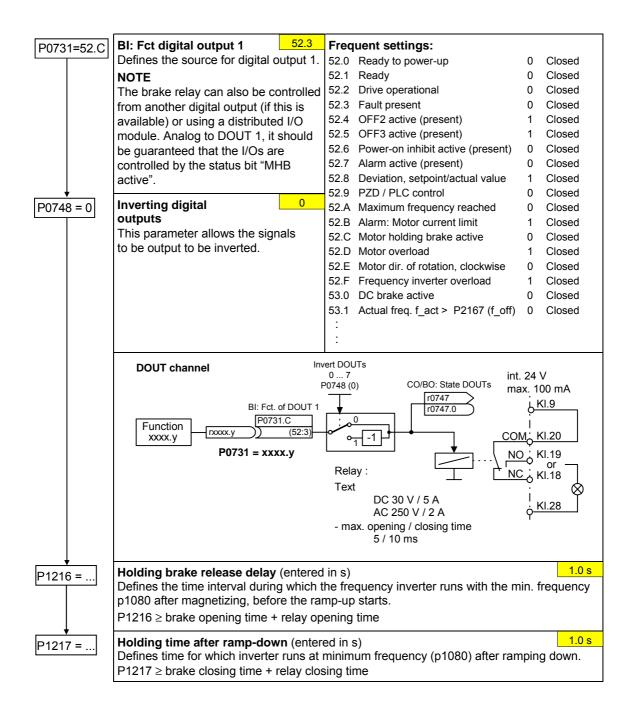
0

Enables/disables holding brake function (MHB).

- 0 Motor holding brake disabled
- 1 Motor holding brake enabled

NOTE

The following must apply when controlling the brake relay via a digital output: P0731 = 52.C (= 52.12) (refer to Section 6.4.4 "Digital outputs (DOUT)").

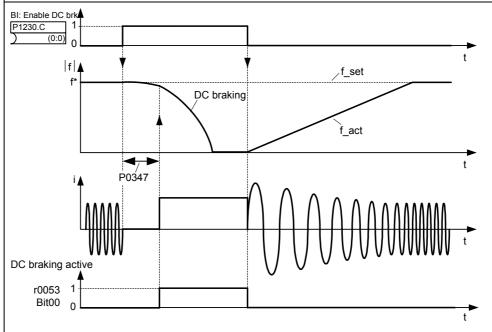


6.4.18.4 DC brake

P1230 = .

BI: Enabling the DC brake

This enables DC braking using a signal that was used from an external source. The function remains active as long as the external input signal is active. DC braking causes the motor to quickly stop by injecting a DC current



Note: DC brake can be applied in drive states r0002 = 1, 4, 5

P1232 =...

DC braking current (entered in %)

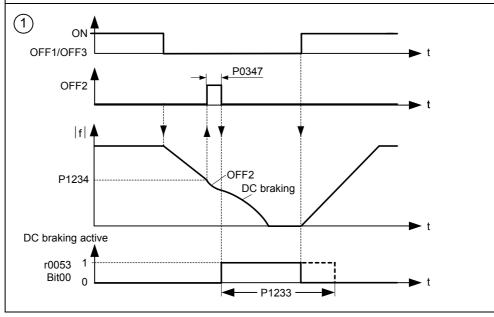
100 %

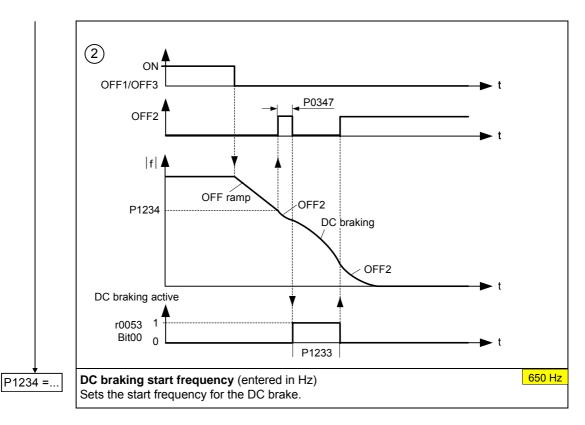
Defines level of DC current in [%] relative to rated motor current (P0305).

Duration of DC braking (entered in s)

0 s

Defines duration for which DC injection braking is to be active following an OFF1 or OFF3 command.





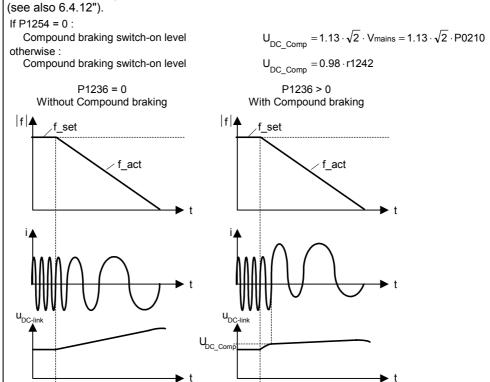
6.4.18.5 Compound braking

P1236 =...

Compound braking current (entered in %)

0 %

Defines DC level superimposed on AC waveform after exceeding DC-link voltage threshold of compound braking. The value is entered in [%] relative to rated motor current (P0305). (see also 6.4.12").



6.4.18.6 Dynamic braking

The following settings should always be made:

The Vdc_max controller de-activated	P1240 = 0	(def.: P1240 = 1)
The compound brake de-activated	P1236 = 0	(def.: P1236 = 0)
Resistor brake activated	P1237 > 0	(def.: P1237 = 0)

P1237 = ...

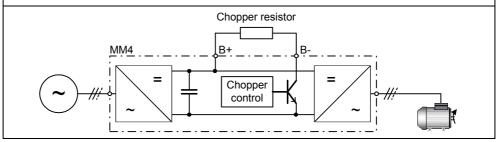
Dynamic braking

0

Dynamic braking is activated using parameter P1237 – the nominal (rated) duty cycle as well as the switch-in duration of the braking resistor are also defined.

- 0 Inhibited
- 1 Load duty cycle 5 %
- 2 Load duty cycle 10 %
- 3 Load duty cycle 20 %
- 4 Load duty cycle 50 %
- 5 Load duty cycle 100 %

Using the dynamic brake, the regenerative feedback energy is transferred to the external braking resistor using the chopper control (braking chopper); it is converted into thermal energy (heat) in this resistor. This dynamic braking allows the drive to be braked in a controlled fashion. This function is not available for sizes FX and GX.



6.4.18.7 Vdc controller



Configuration of Vdc controller

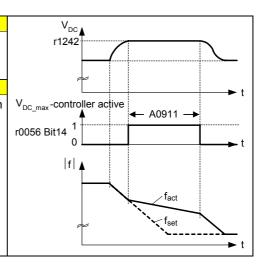
Enables / disables Vdc controller.

- 0 Vdc controller disabled
- 1 Vdc-max controller enabled

Auto detect Vdc switch-on levels

Enables/disables auto-detection of switch-on levels for Vdc control functionalities.

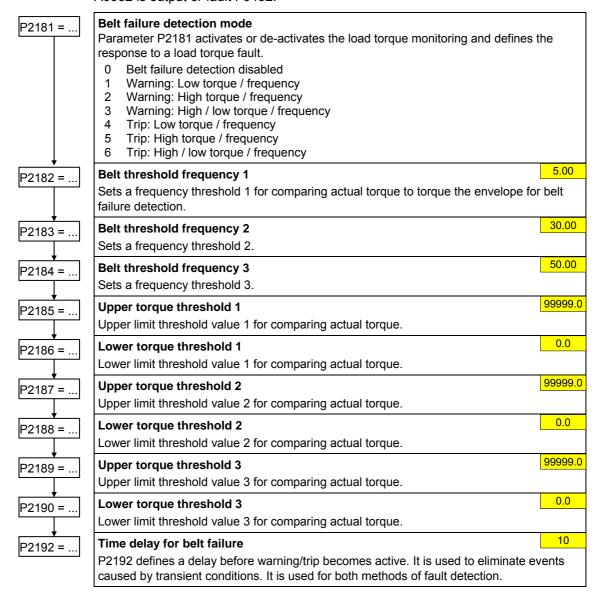
- 0 Disabled
- 1 Enabled

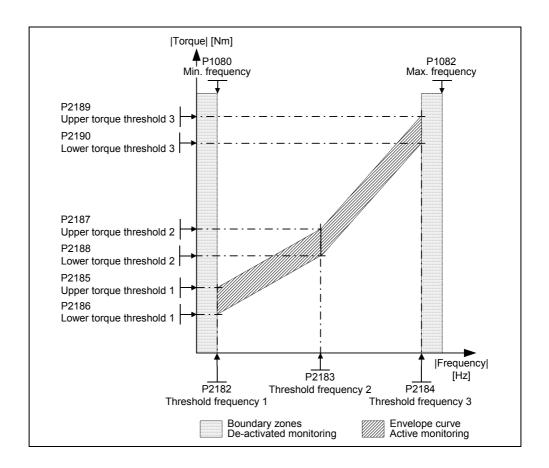


6.4.18.8 Load torque monitoring

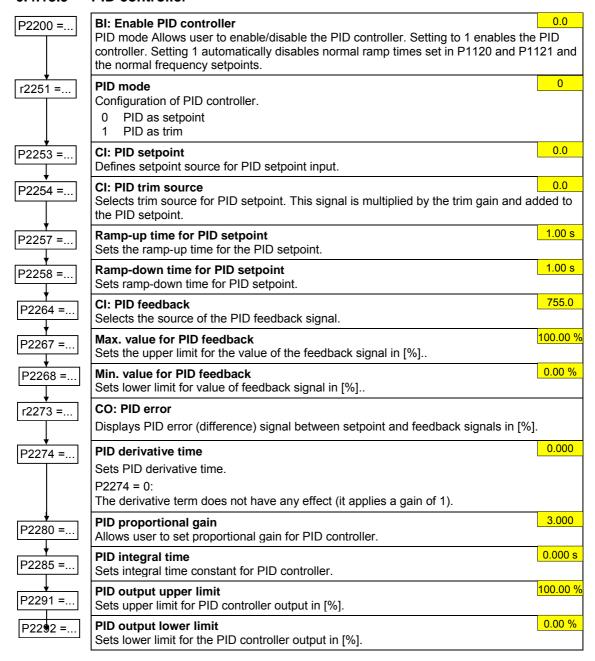
This function monitors the transmission of force between a motor and driven load within a defined frequency range. Typical applications include, for example, detecting when a transmission belt breaks or detecting when a conveyor belt is in an overload condition.

For the load torque monitoring, the actual frequency/torque actual value is compared to a programmed frequency/torque characteristic (refer to P2182 – P2190). Depending on P2181, the system monitors whether the permissible torque curve is either exceeded or fallen below. If the actual value lies outside the tolerance bandwidth, then after the delay time P2192 has expired, either alarm A0952 is output or fault F0452.





6.4.18.9 PID controller



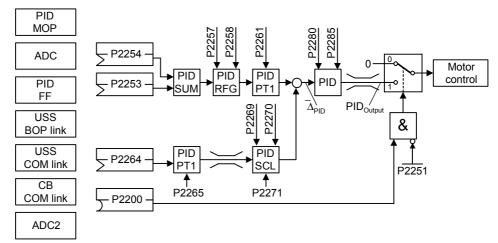
Controller structures

These structures are selected using parameters P2200 and P2251.

		Setpo	int via	RFG	PID-RFG		
		SUM	PID controller	KFG	PID-KFG		
1	P2200 = 0:0 ²⁾ P2251 = 0	VSD*	_	ON: active OFF1/3: active	ON: - OFF1/3: -		
2	P2200 = 1:0 ²⁾ P2251 = 0	_	PID control	ON: - OFF1/3: active	ON: active OFF1/3: -		
3	P2200 = 0:0 ¹⁾ P2251 = 1	VSD *	-	ON: active OFF1/3: active	ON: - OFF1/3: -		
4	P2200 = 1:0 ¹⁾ P2251 = 1	Dance	er control	ON: active OFF1/3: active	ON: active OFF1/3: active		

- 1) will take change with drive running
- 2) change only taken when drive stopped
- * Variable speed drive (VSD)

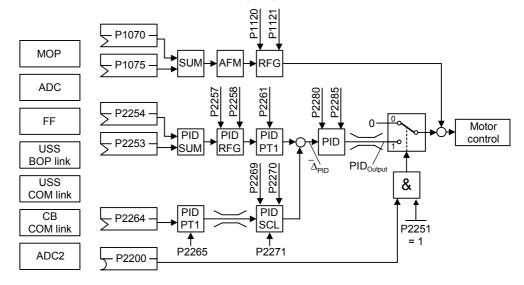
PID control



Parameter	Parameter text	Example	
P2200	BI: Enable PID controller	P2200 = 1.0	PID controller active
P2253	CI: PID setpoint	P2253 = 2224	PID-FF1
P2264	CI: PID feedback	P2264 = 755	ADC
P2267	Max. PID feedback	P2267	Adapt to the application
P2268	Min. PID feedback	P2268	Adapt to the application
P2280	PID proportional gain	P2280	Determined by optimizing
P2285	PID integral time	P2285	Determined by optimizing
P2291	PID output upper limit	P2291	Adapt to the application
P2292	PID output lower limit	P2292	Adapt to the application

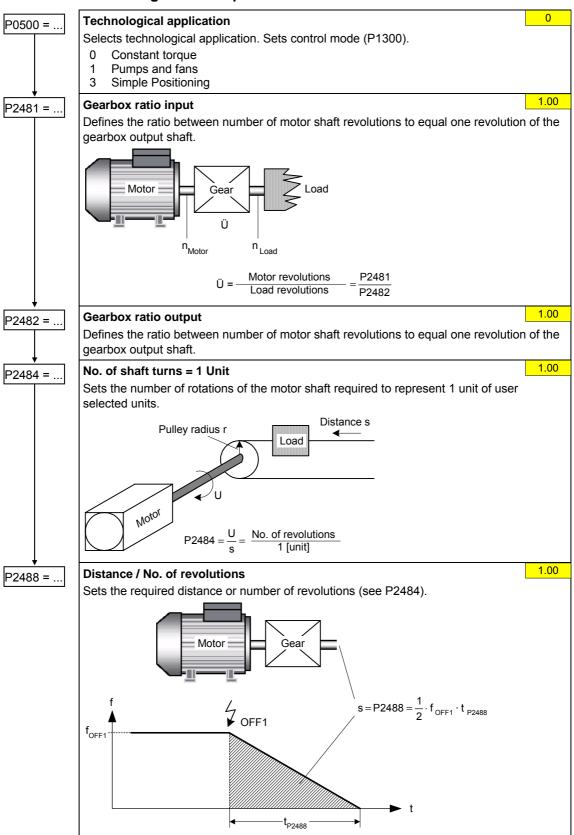
PID cancer control

Closed-loop dancer roll control is selected with P2251 = P2200 = 1. Important parameters and the structure are shown in the following diagrams.



Parameter	Parameter text	Setting	Meaning
P1070	CI: Main setpoint	1024	Fixed setpoint (FF)
		1050	MOP
		755.0	Analog input 1
		2015.1	USS on BOP link
		2019.1	USS on COM link
		2050.1	CB on COM link
P2200	BI: Enable PID controller	0	PID controller de-activated
		1.0	PID controller always active
		722.x	Digital input x
		BICO	BICO parameter
P2251	PID mode	1	PID as trim
P2253	CI: PID setpoint	1024	Fixed setpoint (FF)
		1050	MOP
		755.0	Analog input 1
		2015.1	USS on BOP link
		2019.1	USS on COM link
		2050.1	CB on COM link
P2264	CI: PID feedback	755.0	Analog input 1
		755.1	Analog input 2

6.4.18.10 Positioning down ramp



6.4.18.11 Free function blocks (FFB)



Enable FFBs

0

Parameter P2800 is used to activate all free function blocks (generally, P2800 is set to 1). Possible settings:

- 0 Inhibited
- 1 Enabled

P2801 =..

Activate FFBs

0.0

Parameter P2801 is used to individually enable (activate) the free function blocks P2801[0] to P2801[16] (P2801[x] > 0).

Further, parameters P2801 and P2802 are used to define the chronological sequence of all of the function blocks. The table below indicates that the priority increases from left to right and from bottom to top.

Possible settings:

- 0 Inactive
- 1 Level 1
- 2 Level 2
- 3 Level 3

Example:

P2801[3] = 2, P2801[4] = 2, P2802[3] = 3, P2802[4] = 2

FFBs are calculated in the following sequence:

P2802[3], P2801[3], P2801[4], P2802[4]

The active function blocks are calculated every 132 ms.

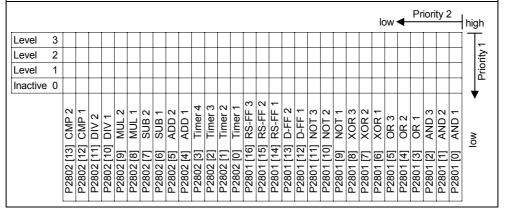
P2802 =...

Activate FFBs

Parameter P2802 is used to individually enable (activate) the free function blocks P2802[0] to P2802[13] (P2802[x] > 0).

Possible settings:

- 0 Inactive
- 1 Level 1
- 2 Level 2
- 3 Level 3



FFB	Input parameters Output parameters		Setting	parameters			
AND1	P2810[2]	BI: AND 1	r2811	BO: AND 1		_	
AND2	P2812[2]	BI: AND 2	r2813	BO: AND 2		_	
AND3	P2814[2]	BI: AND 3	r2815	BO: AND 3		_	
OR1	P2816[2]	BI: OR 1	r2817	BO: OR 1		_	
OR2	P2818[2]	BI: OR 2	r2819	BO: OR 2		_	
OR3	P2820[2]	BI: OR 3	r2821	BO: OR 3		_	
XOR1	P2822[2]	BI: XOR 1	r2823	BO: XOR 1		_	
XOR2	P2824[2]	BI: XOR 2	r2825	BO: XOR 2		_	
XOR3	P2826[2]	BI: XOR 3	r2827	BO: XOR 3		_	
NOT1	P2828	BI: NOT 1	r2829	BO: NOT 1		_	
NOT2	P2830	BI: NOT 2	r2831	BO: NOT 2		-	
NOT3	P2832	BI: NOT 3	r2833	BO: NOT 3		_	
D-FF1	P2834[4]	BI: D-FF 1	r2835 r2836	BO: Q D-FF 1 BO: NOT-Q D-FF 1		-	
D-FF2	P2837[4]	BI: D-FF 2	r2838 r2839	BO: Q D-FF 2 BO: NOT-Q D-FF 2		-	
RS-FF1	P2840[4]	BI: RS-FF 1	r2841 r2842	BO: Q RS-FF 1 BO: NOT-Q RS-FF 1		_	
RS-FF2	P2843[4]	BI: RS-FF 2	r2844 r2845	BO: Q RS-FF 2 BO: NOT-Q RS-FF 2		-	
RS-FF3	P2846[4]	BI: RS-FF 3	r2847 r2848	BO: Q RS-FF 3 BO: NOT-Q RS-FF 3		_	
Timer1	P2849	BI: Timer 1	r2852 r2853	BO: Timer 1 BO: NOT Timer 1	P2850 P2851	Delay time of Timer 1 Mode Timer 1	
Timer2	P2854	BI: Timer 2	r2857 r2858	BO: Timer 2 BO: NOT Timer 2	P2855 P2856	Delay time of Timer 2 Mode Timer 2	
Timer3	P2859	BI: Timer 3	r2862 r2863	BO: Timer 3 BO: NOT Timer 3	P2860 P2861	Delay time of Timer 3 Mode Timer 3	
Timer4	P2864	BI: Timer 4	r2867 r2868	BO: Timer 4 BO: NOT Timer 4	P2865 P2866	Delay time of Timer 4 Mode Timer 4	
ADD1	P2869[2]	CI: ADD 1	r2870	CO: ADD 1		_	
ADD2	P2871[2]	CI: ADD 2	r2872	CO: ADD 2		-	
SUB1	P2873[2]	CI: SUB 1	r2874	CO: SUB 1		_	
SUB2	P2875[2]	CI: SUB 2	r2876	CO: SUB 2		_	
MUL1	P2877[2]	CI: MUL 1	r2878	CO: MUL 1		_	
MUL2	P2879[2]	CI: MUL 2	r2880	CO: MUL 2			
DIV1	P2881[2]	CI: DIV 1	r2882	CO: DIV 1		_	
DIV2	P2883[2]	CI: DIV 2	r2884	CO: DIV 2			
CMP1	P2885[2]	CI: CMP 1	r2886	BO: CMP 1	_		
CMP2	P2887[2]	CI: CMP 2	r2888	BO: CMP 2	_		
FSW1		_		_	P2889	CO: FSW 1 in [%]	
FSW2		_		_	P2890	CO: FSW 2 in [%]	

6.4.19 Data sets

For many applications it is beneficial to have the possibility to change several parameter settings simultaneous during operation or in the state ready to run with an external signal. By indexing it is possible to set a parameter to several values which can be activated by data set change-over. There are the following data sets:

- **CDS Command Data Set**
- DDS Drive Data Set

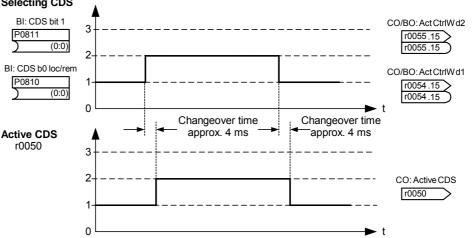
Command data set (CDS)



Command data set CDS bit 0 (local / remote)

0

Selects the command source in which bit 0 should be read-out to select a command data set (CDS). Selecting CDS



The currently active command data set (CDS) is displayed using parameter r0050.

BI: CDS bit 1

Selects command source from which to read Bit 1 for selecting a command data set (see P0810).

Example for CDS changeover:

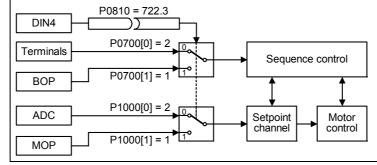
CDS1: Command source via terminals and setpoint source via analog input (ADC)

CDS2: Command source via BOP and setpoint source via MOP

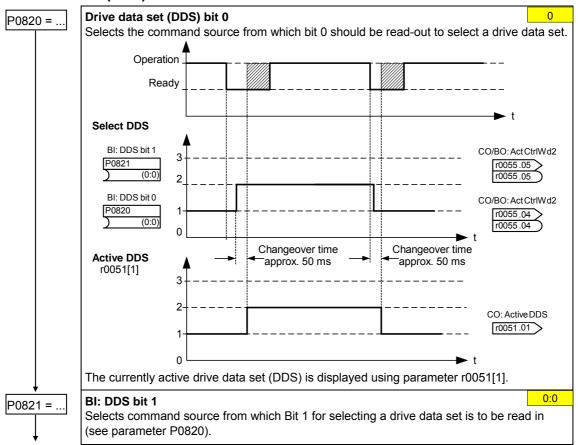
CDS changeover is realized using digital input 4 (DIN 4)

Steps:

- Carry-out commissioning for CDS1 (P0700[0] = 2 and P1000[0] = 2) 1.
- Connect P0810 (P0811 if required) to the CDS changeover source (P0704[0] = 99, P0810 = 722.3)
- 3. Copy from CDS1 to CDS2 (P0809[0] = 0, P0809[1] = 1, P0809[2] = 2)
- Adapt CDS2 parameters (P0700[1] = 1 and P1000[1] = 1)

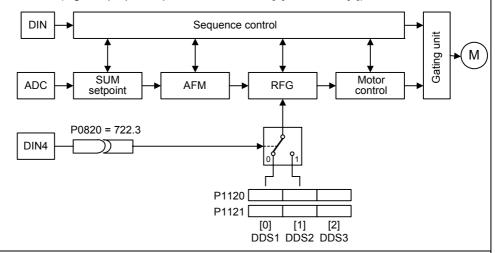


Drive data set (DDS)

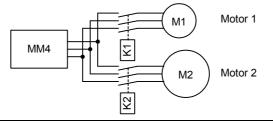


Example:

- 1. Commissioning steps with a motor:
 - Carry-out commissioning at DDS1.
 - Connect P0820 (P0821 if required) to the DDS changeover source (e.g. using DIN 4: P0704[0] = 99, P0820 = 722.3).
 - Copy DDS1 to DDS2 (P0819[0] = 0, P0819[1] = 1, P0819[2] = 2).
 - Adapt DDS2 parameters
 (e.g. ramp-up / ramp-down times P1120[1] and P1121[1]).



- 2. Commissioning steps with 2 motors (motor 1, motor 2):
 - Commission motor 1; adapt the remaining DDS1 parameters.
 - Connect P0820 (P0821 if required) to the DDS changeover source (e.g. via DIN 4: P0704[0] = 99, P0820 = 722.3).
 - Changeover to DDS2 (check using r0051).
 - Commission motor 2; adapt the remaining DDS2 parameters.



6.4.20 Diagnostic parameters

r0021

CO: Act. filtered frequency

Displays actual inverter output frequency (r0021) excluding slip compensation, resonance damping and frequency limitation.

r0022

Act. filtered rotor speed

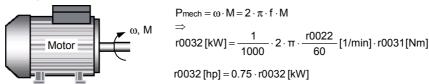
Displays calculated rotor speed based on inverter output frequency [Hz] x 120 / number of poles.

r0022 [1/min] =
$$r0021[Hz] \cdot \frac{60}{r0313}$$

r0032

CO: Act. filtered power

Displays motor power (power output at the motor shaft).



r0035

CO: Motor temperature

Displays the measured motor temperature in °C.

r0036

CO: Frequency inverter utilization

Displays the frequency inverter utilization as a % referred to the overload. In so doing, the value is calculated using the I^2t model.

The I²t actual value relative to the maximum possible I²t value provides the level of utilization.

r0039

CO: Energy consumpt. meter [kWh]

Displays electrical energy used by inverter since display was last reset.

$$r0039 = \int_{0}^{t_{ist}} P_{W} \cdot dt = \int_{0}^{t_{ist}} \sqrt{3} \cdot u \cdot i \cdot \cos \varphi \cdot dt$$

r0052

CO/BO: Act. status word 1

Displays the first active status word (ZSW) of the frequency inverter (bit format) and can be used to diagnose the inverter status.

	•				
Bit00	Drive ready	0	NO	1	YES
Bit01	Drive ready to run	0	NO	1	YES
Bit02	Drive running	0	NO	1	YES
Bit03	Drive fault active	0	NO	1	YES
Bit04	OFF2 active	0	YES	1	NO
Bit05	OFF3 active	0	YES	1	NO
Bit06	ON inhibit active	0	NO	1	YES
Bit07	Drive warning active	0	NO	1	YES
Bit08	Deviation setpoint / act. value	0	YES	1	NO
Bit09	PZD control	0	NO	1	YES
Bit10	Maximum frequency reached	0	NO	1	YES
Bit11	Warning: Motor current limit	0	YES	1	NO
Bit12	Motor holding brake active	0	NO	1	YES
Bit13	Motor overload	0	YES	1	NO
Bit14	Motor runs right	0	NO	1	YES
Bit15	Inverter overload	0	YES	1	NO

	00/00 0 11				1
r0054	CO/BO: Control word 1				
	Displays the first control word (STW) of the frequency inverted	er aı	nd can be us	ea to	aispiay
	the active commands.				
	Bit00 ON/OFF1	0	NO	1	YES
	Bit01 OFF2: Electrical stop	0	YES	1	NO
	Bit02 OFF3: Fast stop	0	YES	1	NO
	Bit03 Pulse enable	0	NO	1	YES
	Bit04 RFG enable	0	NO	1	YES
	Bit05 RFG start	0	NO	1	YES
	Bit06 Setpoint enable	0	NO	1	YES
	Bit07 Fault acknowledge	0	NO	1	YES
	Bit08 JOG right	0	NO	1	YES
	Bit09 JOG left	0	NO	1	YES
	Bit10 Control from PLC	0	NO	1	YES
	Bit11 Reverse (setpoint inversion)	0	NO	1	YES
	Bit13 Motor potentiometer MOP up	0	NO	1	YES
	Bit14 Motor potentiometer MOP down	0	NO	1	YES
	Bit15 CDS Bit 0 (Local/Remote)	0	NO	1	YES
	CO: Actual fraguency				
r0063	CO: Actual frequency Displays the actual frequency in Hz.				
	Displays the actual frequency in Hz.				
		60	_		
	Frequency actual values:	313			
	Troquency normal values.	<u> </u>	Smoothed sp	eed a	act. value
	\[\bigvi_\]\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	\overline{X}	r0022		
	V/f 160 ms				
	P1300		Smoothed fre	q. ac	ctual value
			r0021		
			_		
	SLVC (state of the state of the		Frequency ac	tual	value
	(observer model)		r0063		
	r0313 P0400 •21,23				
	60 · P0408				
			Freq.act.value	e fr. t	he encoder
			r0061		
	Encoder → X → 1,2°		10001		
	P1300 = 21,23 an	nd P0	0400 = 0> F0	090	
	·				
r0067	CO: Act. output current limit				
	Displays valid maximum output current of inverter.				
	P0305				
	1 0303				
	C DOCAG - 1				
	P0640 → X →				
	Motor Motor protection Min r0067				
	r0209 Min r0067				
	Inverter <				
	Inverter protection				
	OO. Act. custoust coality as				
r0072	CO: Act. output voltage				
	Displays output voltage.				

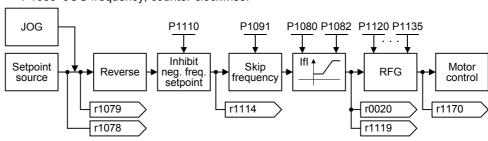
r1079

CO: Selected frequency setpoint

Displays the selected frequency setpoint.

The following frequency setpoints are displayed:

- r1078 total setpoint (HSW + ZUSW)
- P1058 JOG frequency, clockwise
- P1059 JOG frequency, counter-clockwise.



r1114

CO: Freq. setpoint after dir. ctrl.

Displays the setpoint (reference) frequency in Hz after the function block to reverse the direction of rotation.

r1170

CO: : Frequency setpoint after RFG

Displays the total frequency setpoint (reference value) in Hz after the ramp-function generator.

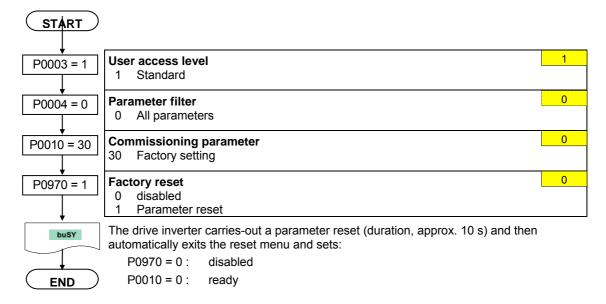
6.5 Series commissioning

An existing parameter set can be transferred to a MICROMASTER 440 frequency inverter using STARTER or DriveMonitor (refer to Section 4.1 "Establishing communications MICROMASTER 440 ⇔ STARTER").

Typical applications for series commissioning include:

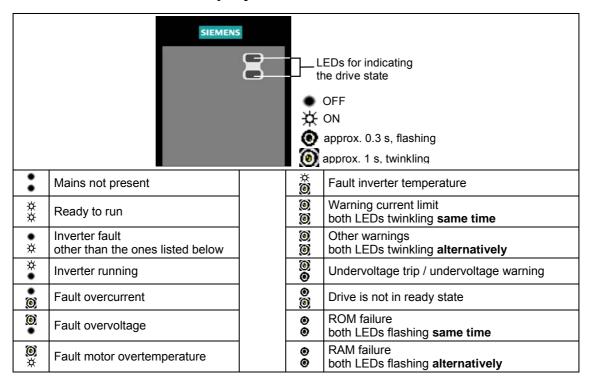
- If several drives are to be commissioned that have the same configuration and same functions. A quick / application commissioning (first commissioning) must be carried-out for the first drive. Its parameter values are then transferred to the other drives.
- 2. When replacing MICROMASTER 440 frequency inverters.

6.6 Parameter reset of factory setting



7 Displays and messages

7.1 LED status display



7.2 Fault messages and Alarm messages

Fault	Significance
F0001	Overcurrent
F0002	Overvoltage
F0003	Undervoltage
F0004	Inverter Overtemperature
F0005	Inverter I ² t
F0011	Motor Overtemperature I ² t
F0012	Inverter temp. signal lost
F0015	Motor temperature signal lost
F0020	Mains Phase Missing
F0021	Earth fault
F0022	HW monitoring active
F0023	Output fault
F0024	Rectifier Over Temperature
F0030	Fan has failed
F0035	Auto restart after n
F0040	Automatic Calibration Failure
F0041	Motor Data Identification Failure
F0042	Speed Control Optimization Failure
F0051	Parameter EEPROM Fault
F0052	Power stack Fault
F0053	IO EEPROM Fault
F0054	Wrong IO Board
F0060	Asic Timeout
F0070	CB setpoint fault
F0071	USS (BOP link) setpoint fault
F0072	USS (COM link) setpoint fault
F0080	ADC lost input signal
F0085	External Fault
F0090	Encoder feedback loss
F0101	Stack Overflow
F0221	PID Feedback below min. value
F0222	PID Feedback above max. value
F0450	BIST Tests Failure (Service mode only)
F0452	Belt Failure Detected

Alarm	Significance
A0501	Current Limit
A0502	Overvoltage limit
A0503	Undervoltage Limit
A0504	Inverter Overtemperature
A0505	Inverter I ² t
A0506	Inverter Duty Cycle
A0511	Motor Overtemperature I ² t
A0520	Rectifier Overtemperature
A0521	Ambient Overtemperature
A0522	I2C read out timeout
A0523	Output fault
A0535	Braking Resistor Hot
A0541	Motor Data Identification Active
A0542	Speed Control Optimization Active
A0590	Encoder feedback loss warning
A0600	RTOS Overrun Warning
A0700 -	CB warning 1
÷	i i
A0709	CB warning 9
A0710	CB communication error
A0711	CB configuration error
A0910	Vdc-max controller de-activated
A0911	Vdc-max controller active
A0912	Vdc-min controller active
A0920	ADC parameters not set properly
A0921	DAC parameters not set properly
A0922	No load applied to inverter
A0923	Both JOG Left and Right are requested
A0952	Belt Failure Detected
A0936	PID Autotuning Active

Information about MICROMASTER 440 is also available from:

Regional Contacts

Please get in touch with your contact for Technical Support in your Region for questions about services, prices and conditions of Technical Support.

Central Technical Support

The competent consulting service for technical issues with a broad range of requirements-based services around our products and systems.

Europe / Africa

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Online Service & Support

The comprehensive, generally available information system over the Internet, from product support to service & support to the support tools in the shop.

http://www.siemens.com/automation/service&support

Internet Address

Customers can access technical and general information under the following address: http://www.siemens.com/micromaster



